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Jiang et al.

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(54) **IMMUNOPOTENTIATOR-LINKED
OLIGOMERIC INFLUENZA IMMUNOGENIC
COMPOSITIONS**

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Related U.S. Application Data

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9, 2009.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

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A61K 39/12 (2006.01)
A61K 39/385 (2006.01)
C12N 7/00 (2006.01)
A61K 39/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **A61K 39/145** (2013.01); **A61K 39/12**
(2013.01); **A61K 39/385** (2013.01); **C12N 7/00**
(2013.01); **A61K 2039/55516** (2013.01); **A61K**
2039/58 (2013.01); **A61K 2039/6056**
(2013.01); **C07K 2319/30** (2013.01); **C12N**
2760/16134 (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None
See application file for complete search history.

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C. Cullman; Michelle Glasky Bergman

(57) **ABSTRACT**

Disclosed herein are immunogenic compositions for pre-
venting infection with influenza viruses wherein the immu-
nogenic compositions comprises an immunogen such as a
hemagglutinin of an influenza virus, and an immunopoten-
tiator such as an Fc fragment of human IgG and optionally
a stabilization sequence. The immunogen is linked to the
stabilization sequence which in turn is linked to the immu-
nopotentiator.

8 Claims, 24 Drawing Sheets

FIG. 1

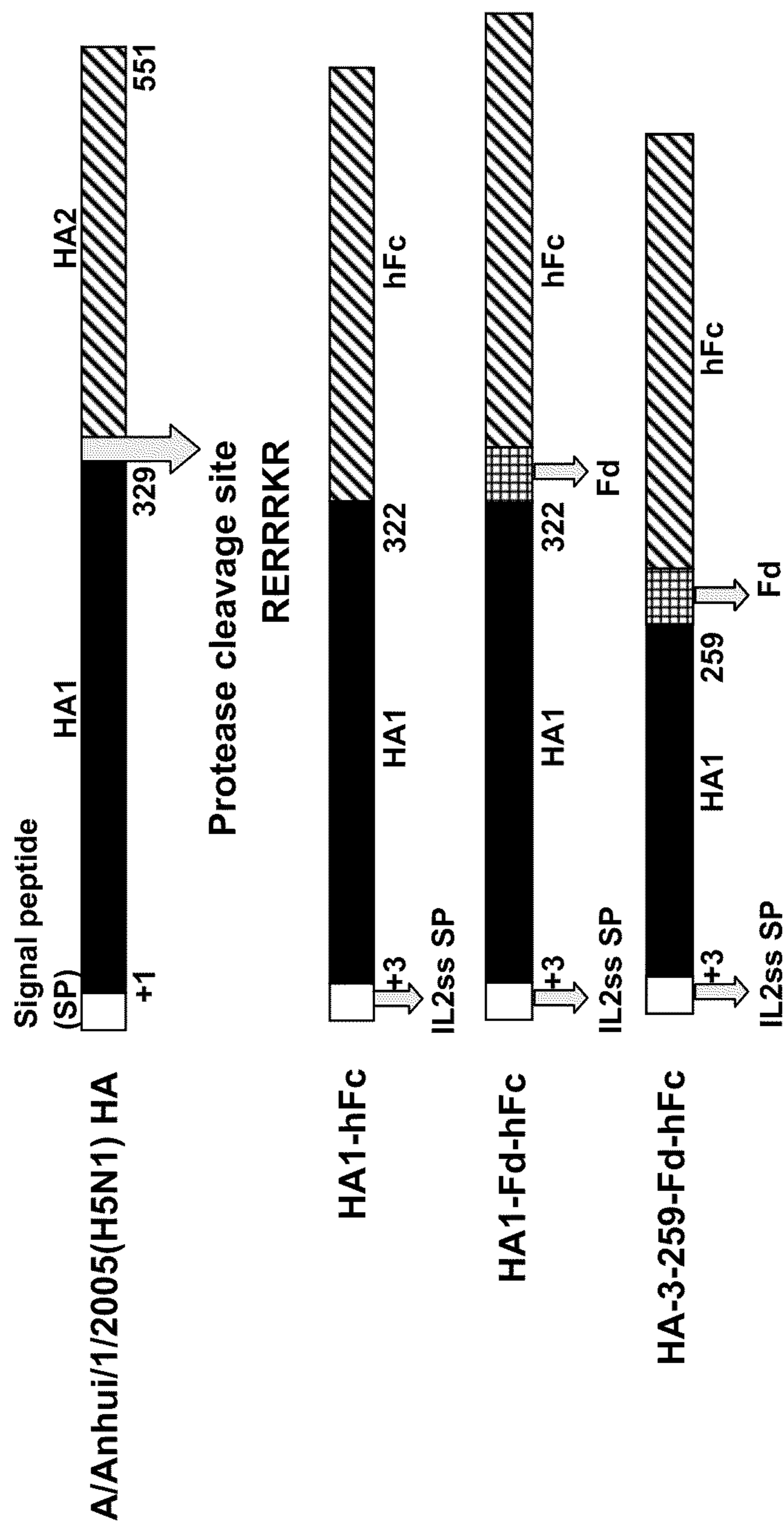


FIG. 2

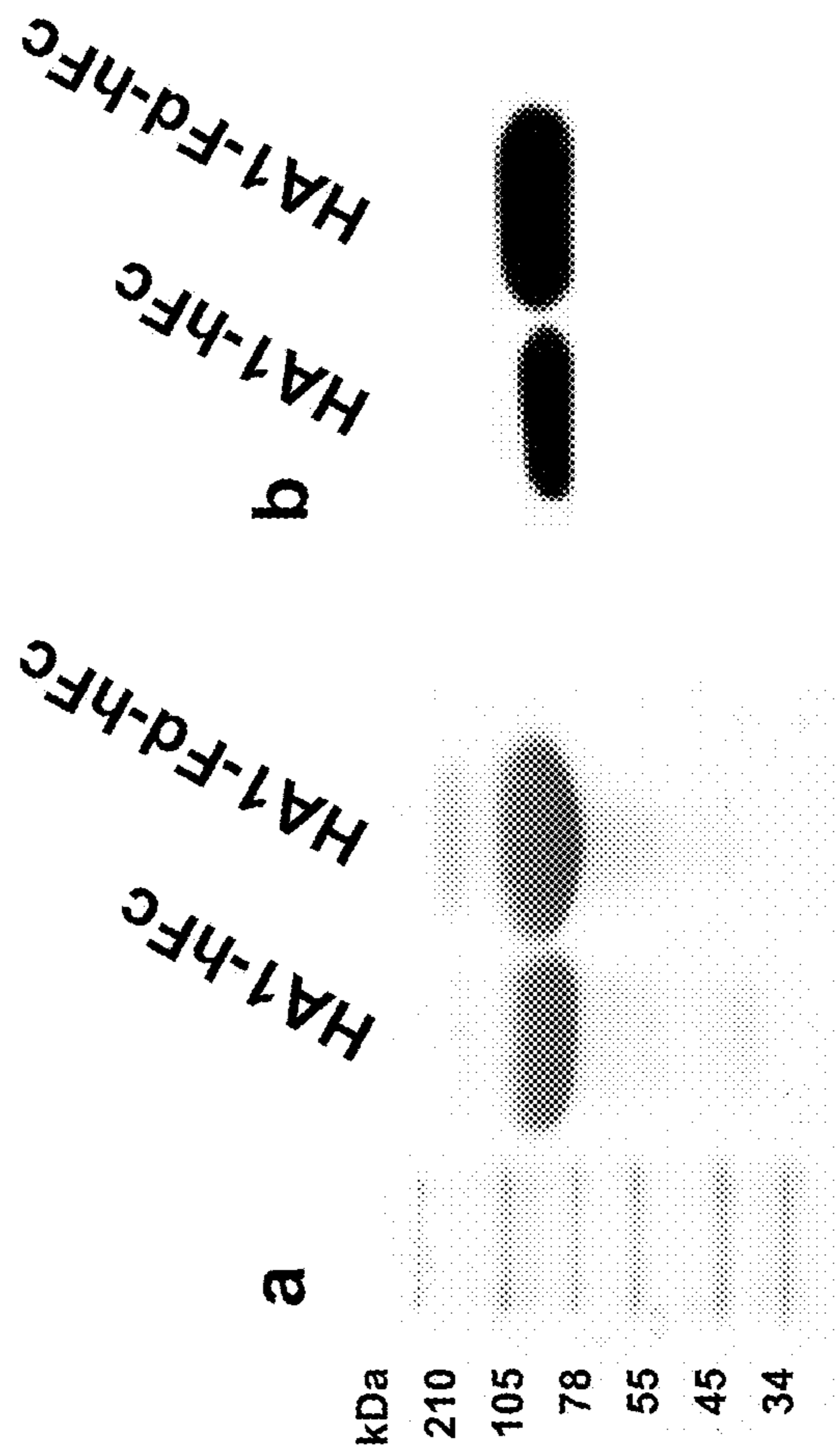


FIG. 3

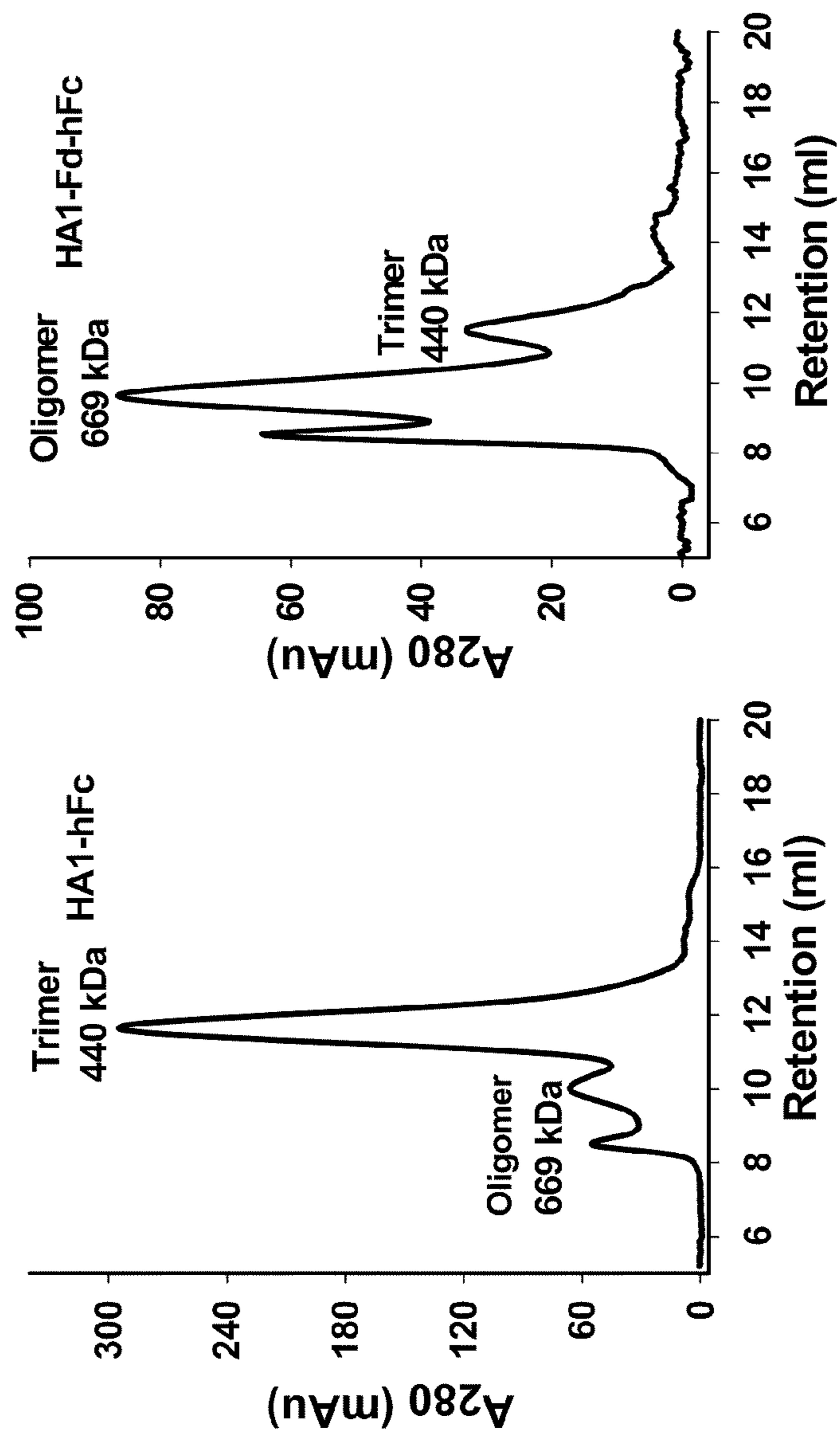


FIG. 4

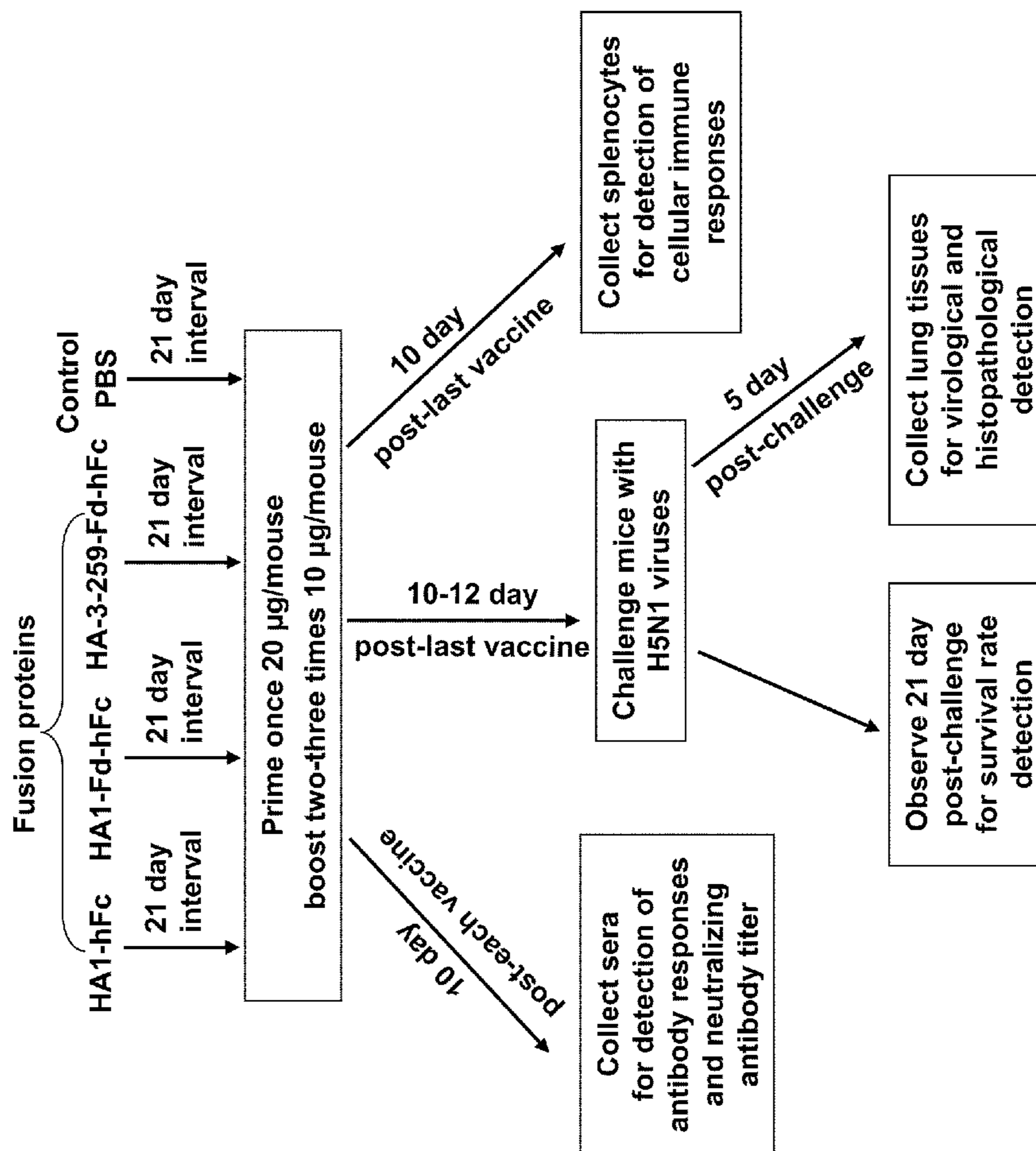


FIG. 5

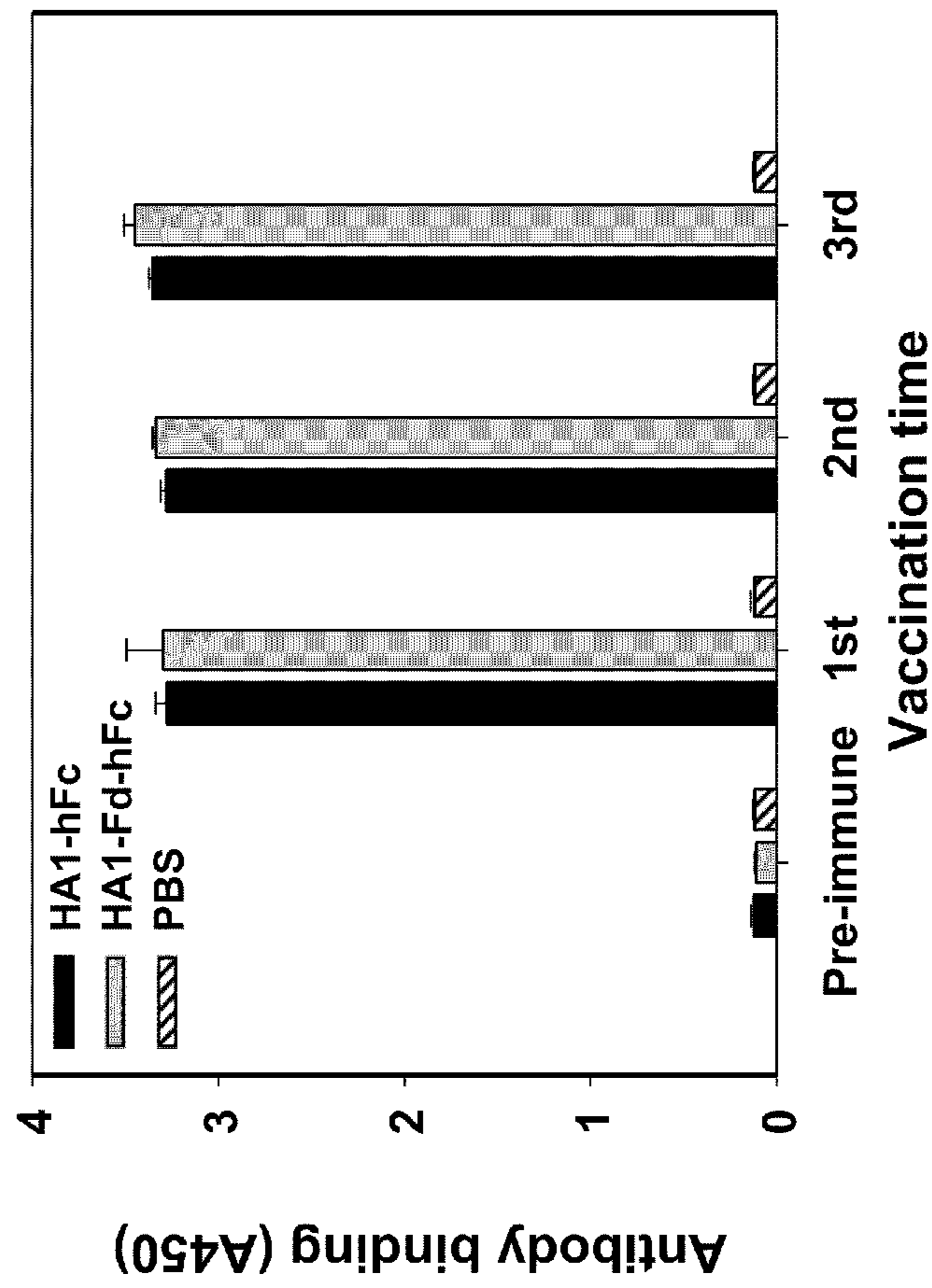


FIG. 6

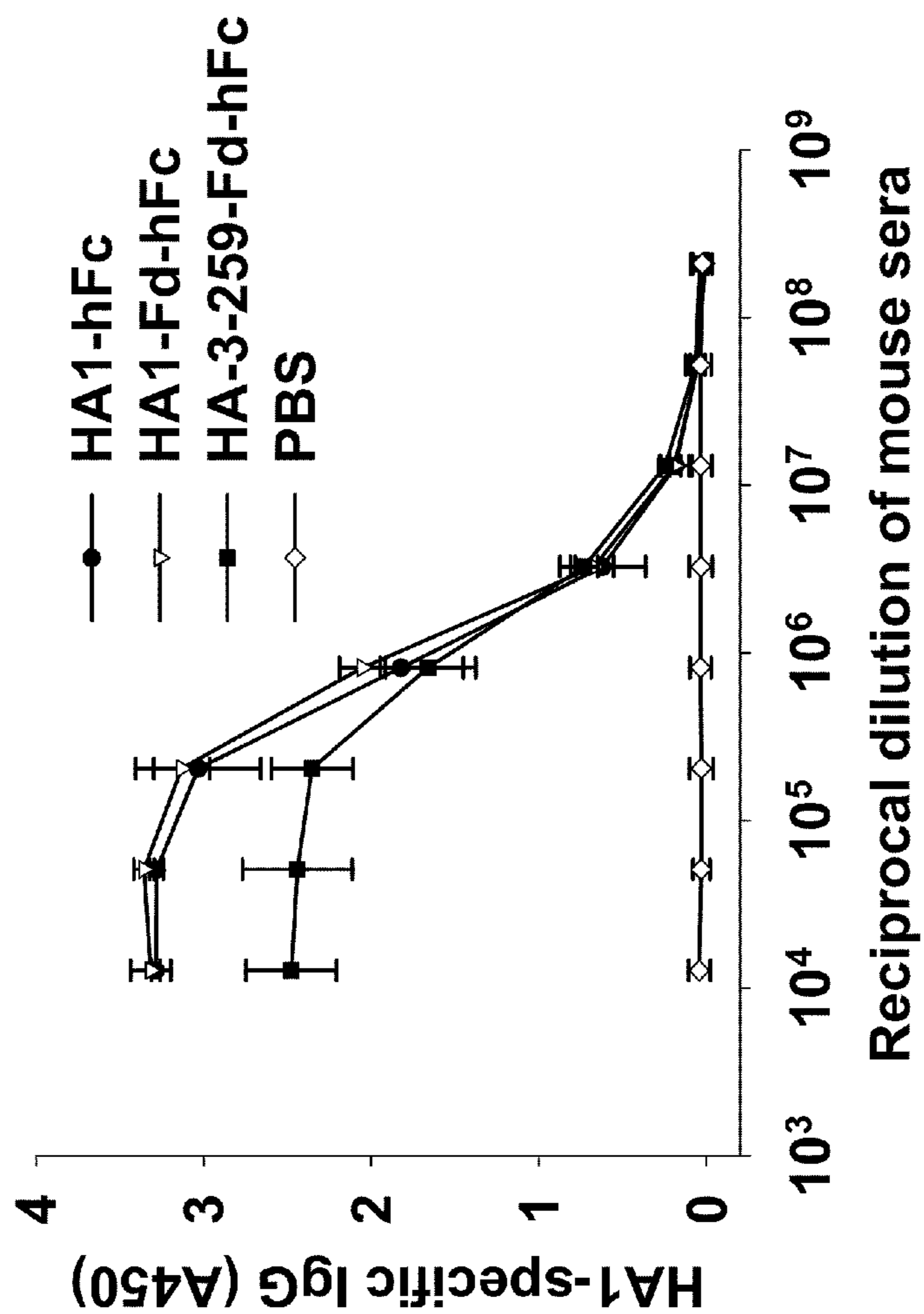


FIG. 7

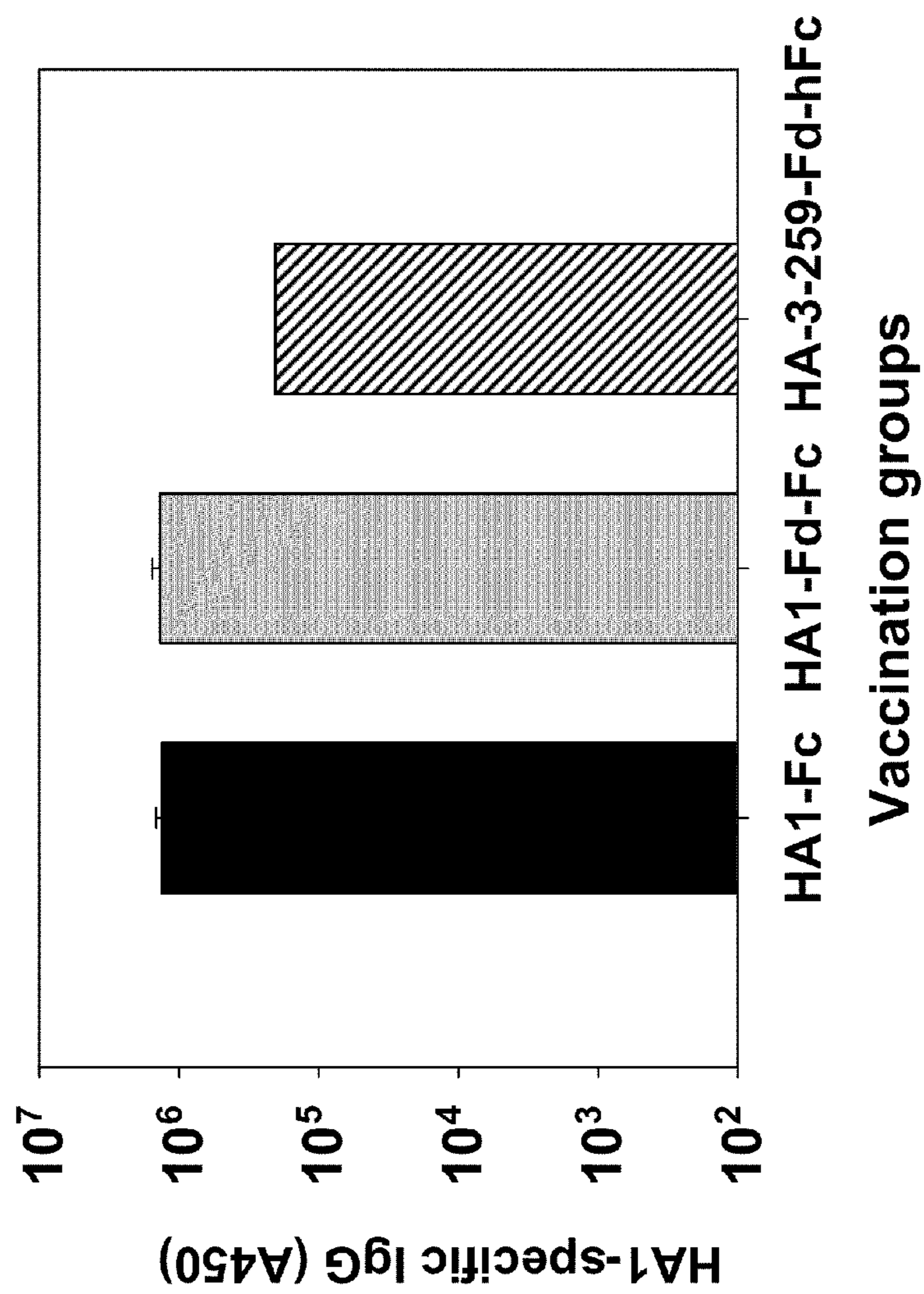


FIG. 8

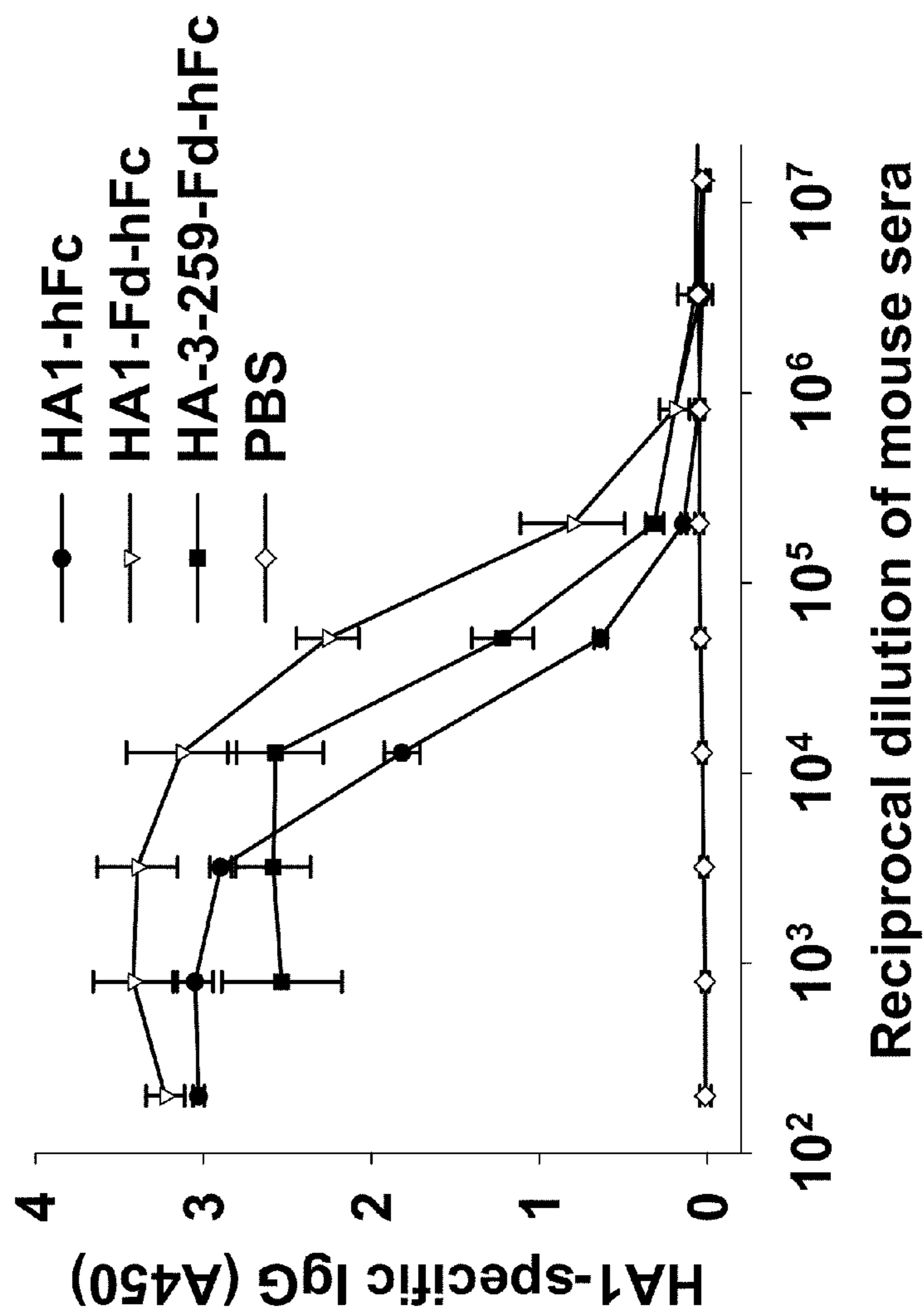


FIG. 9

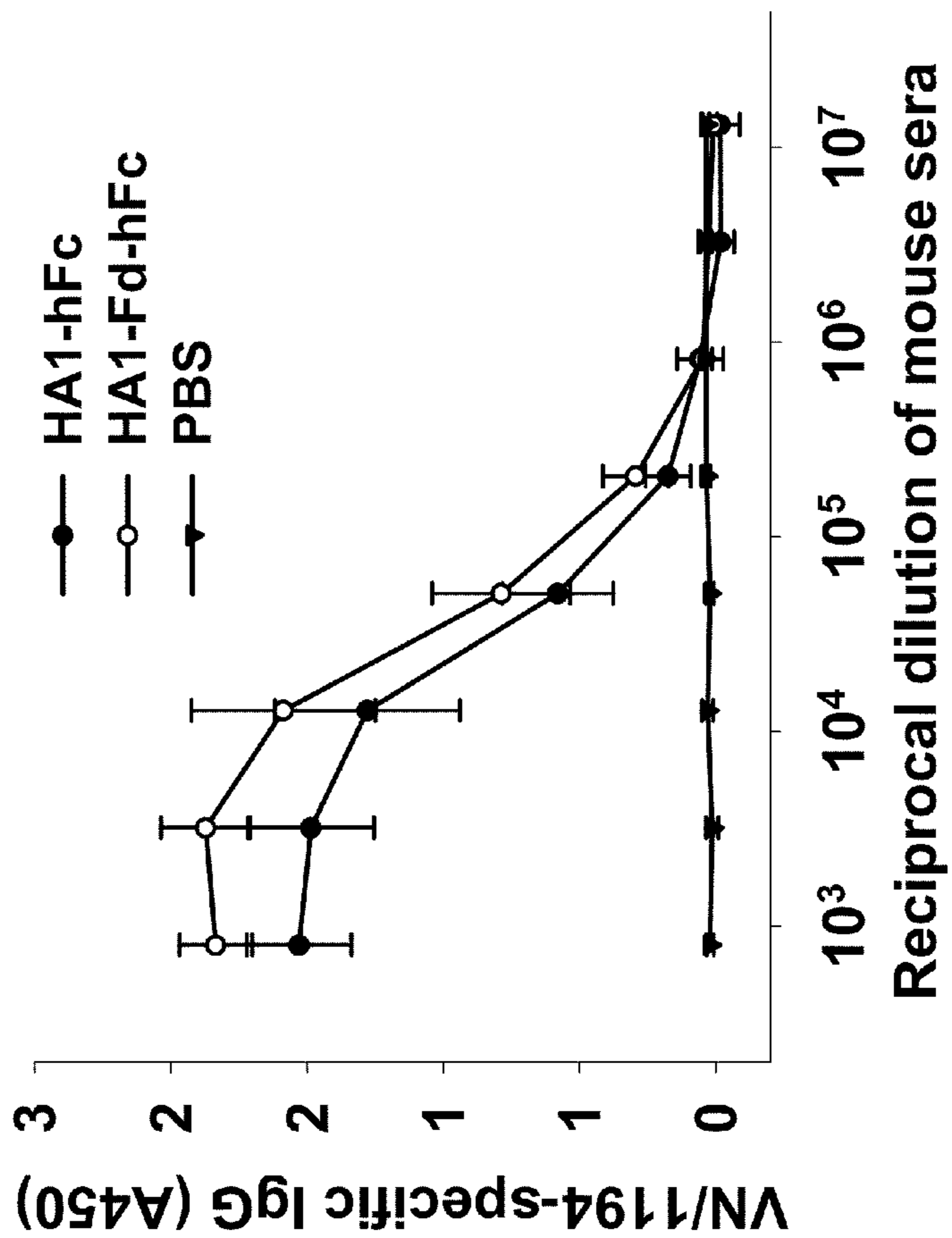


FIG. 10

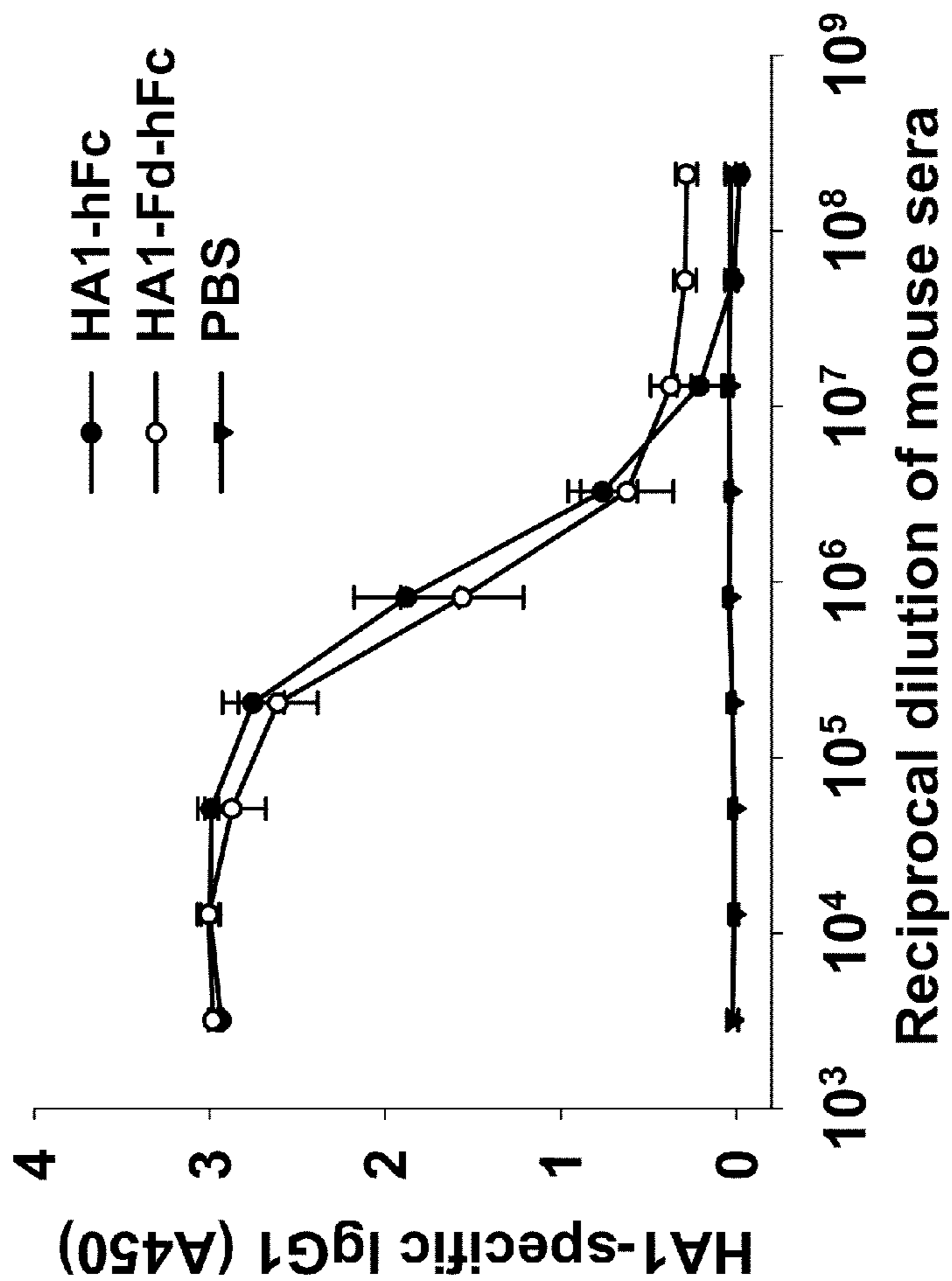


FIG. 11

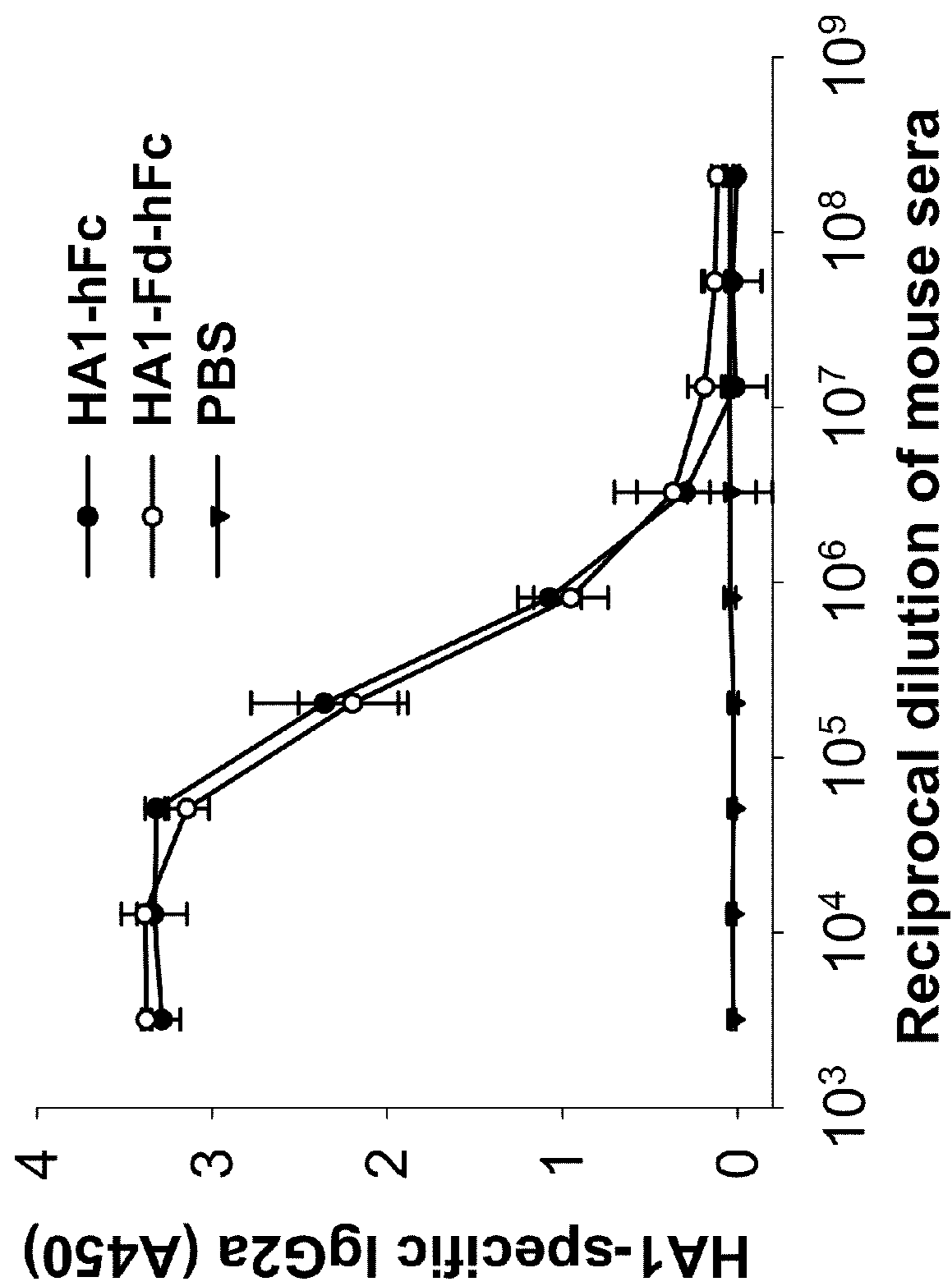


FIG. 12

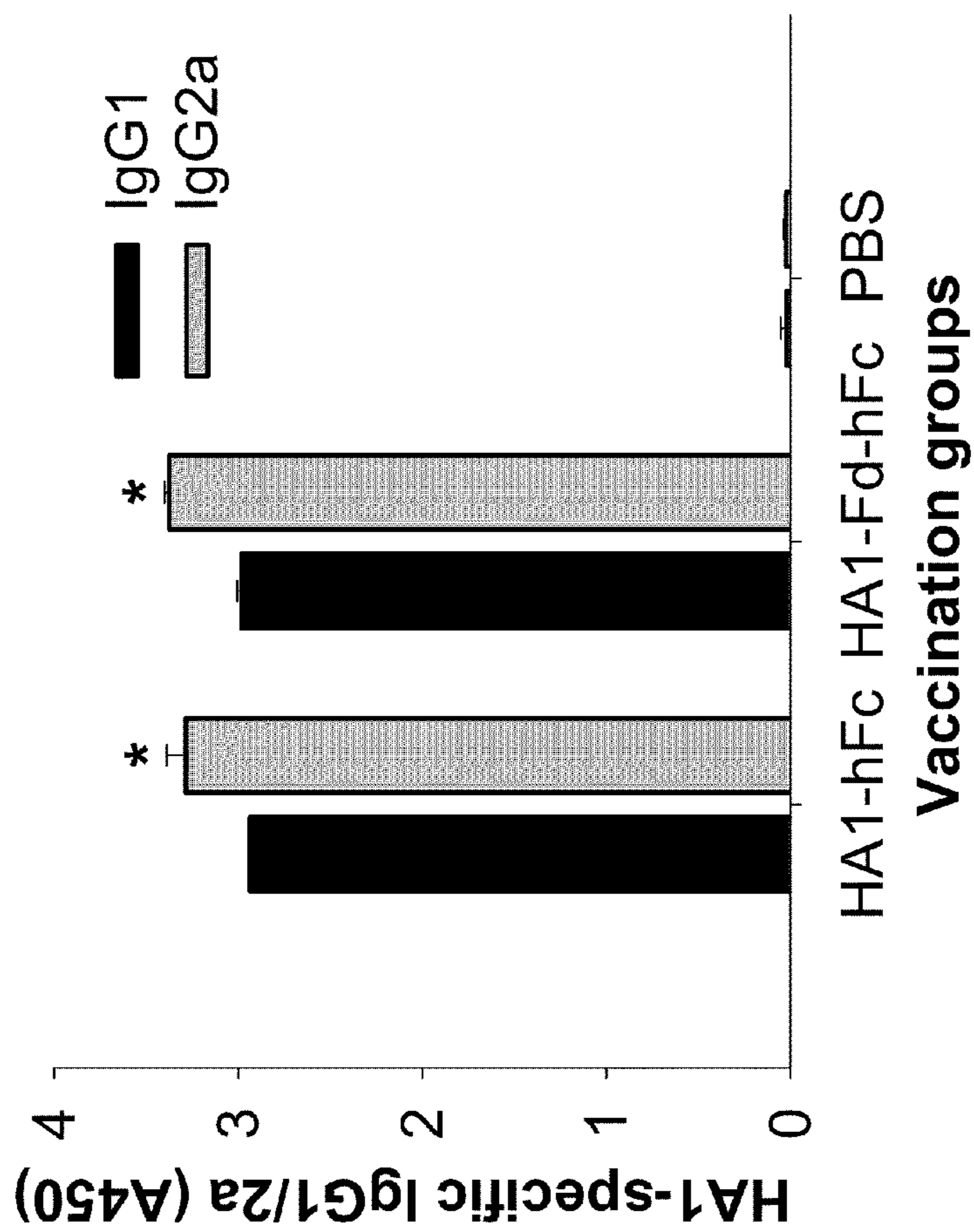


FIG. 13

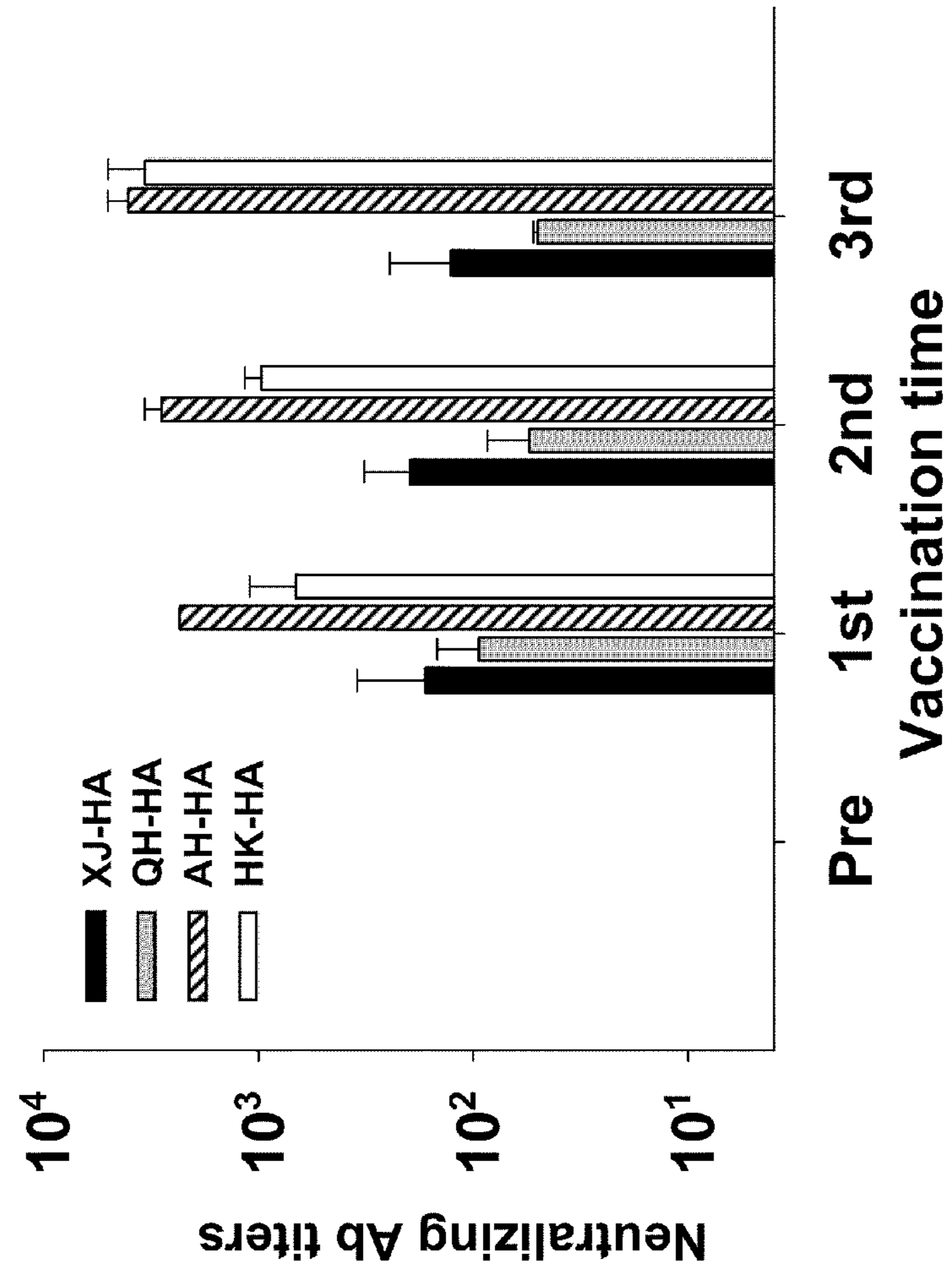


FIG. 14

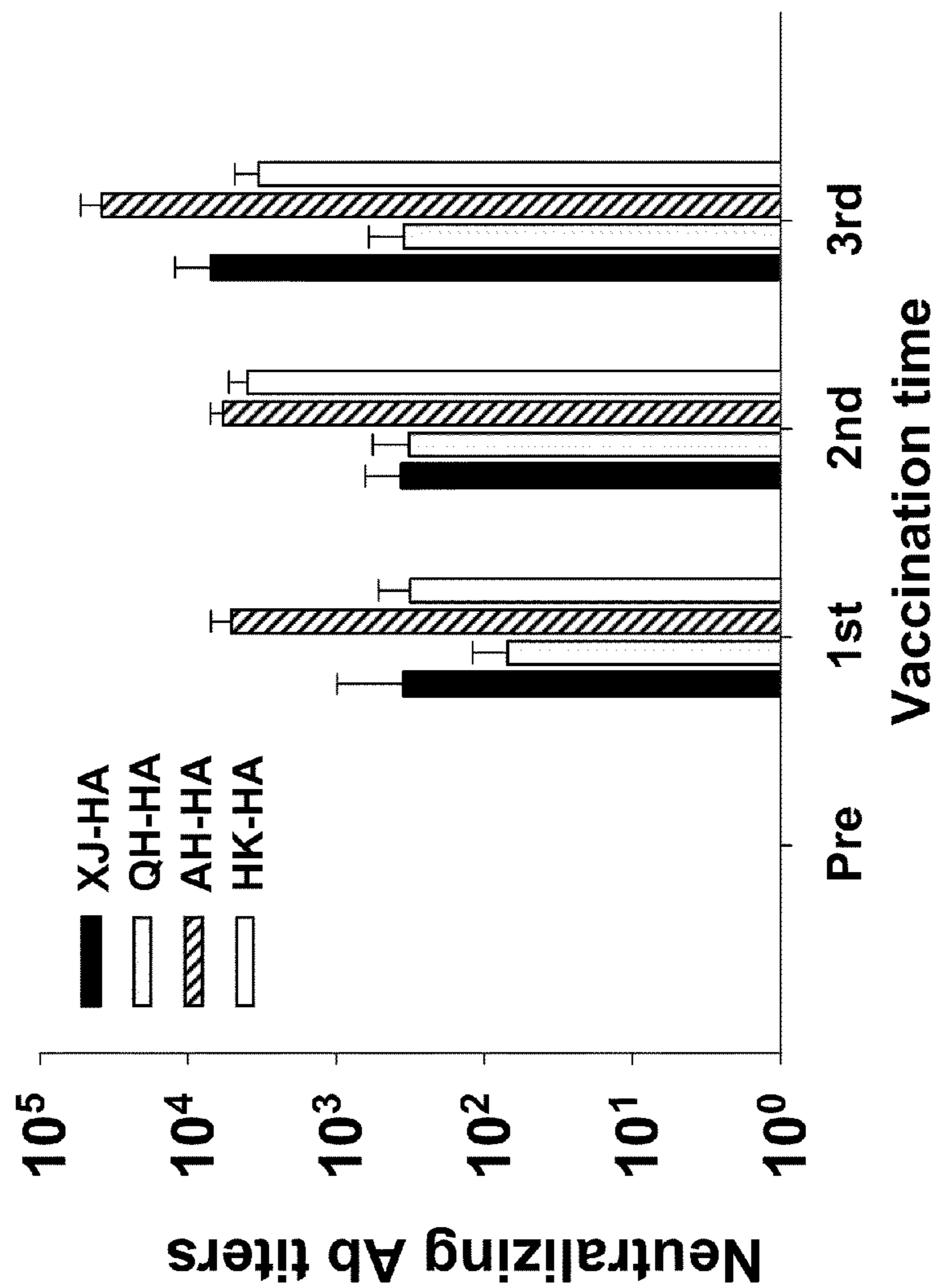


FIG. 15

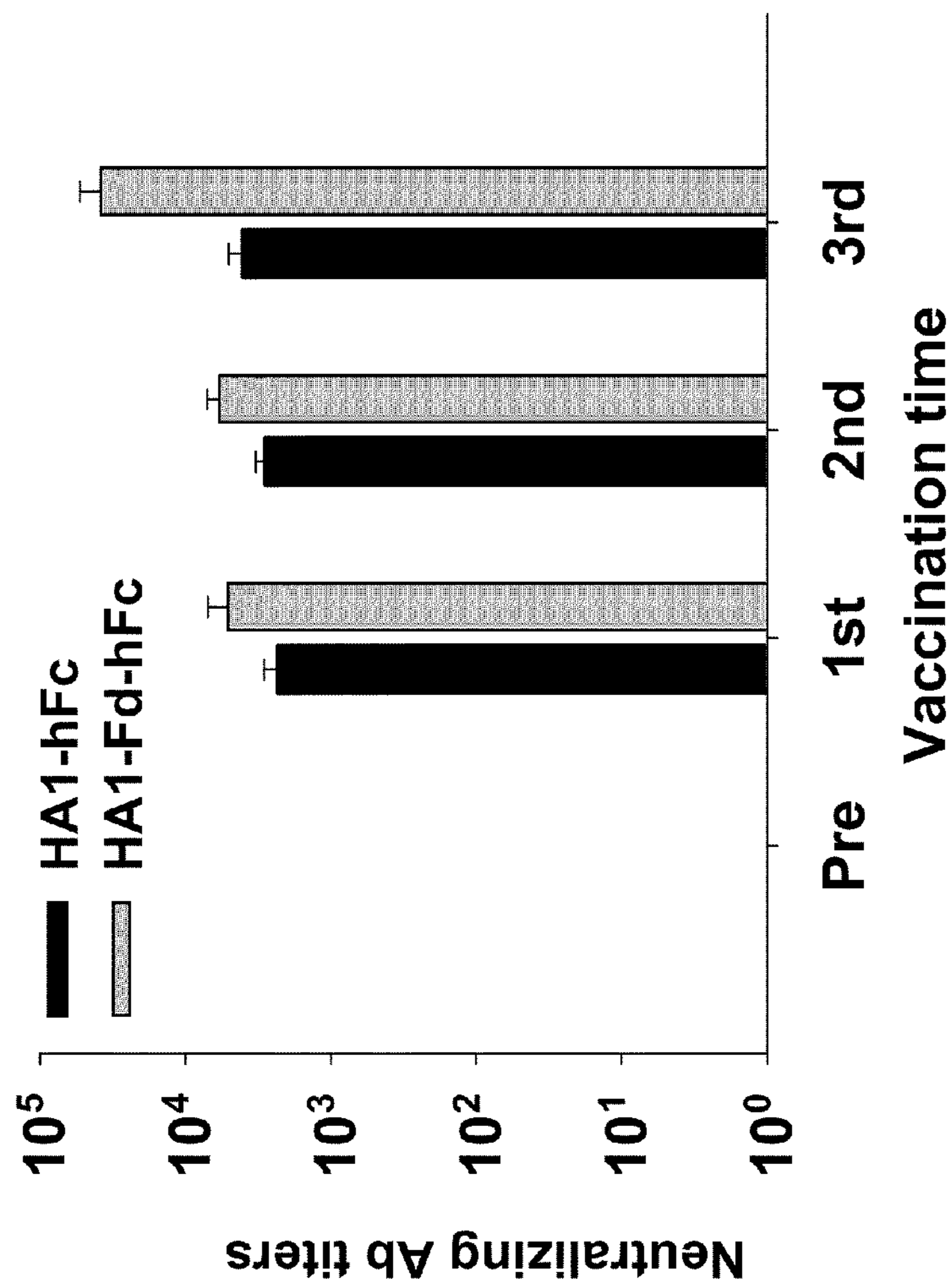


FIG. 16

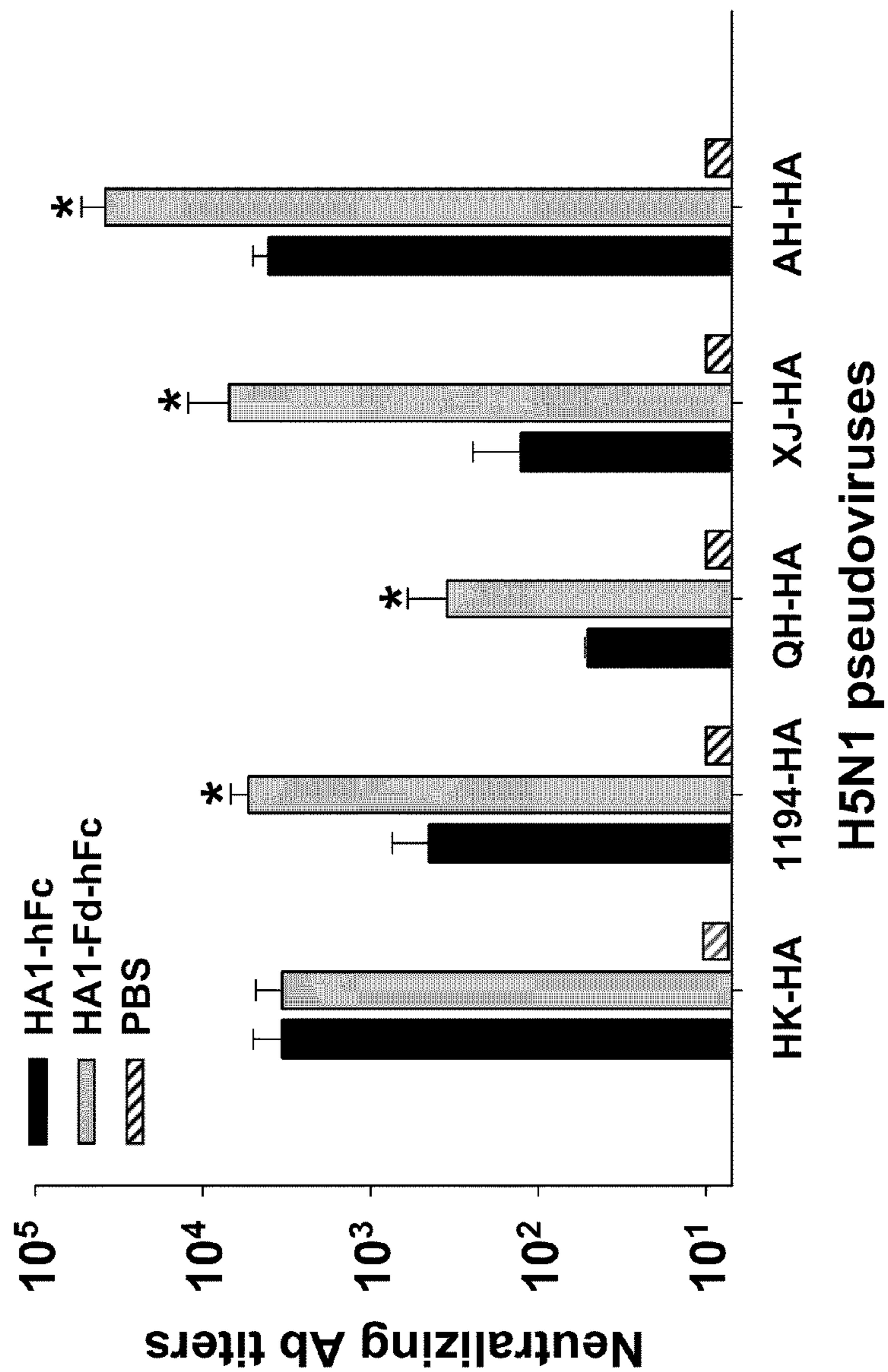


FIG. 17

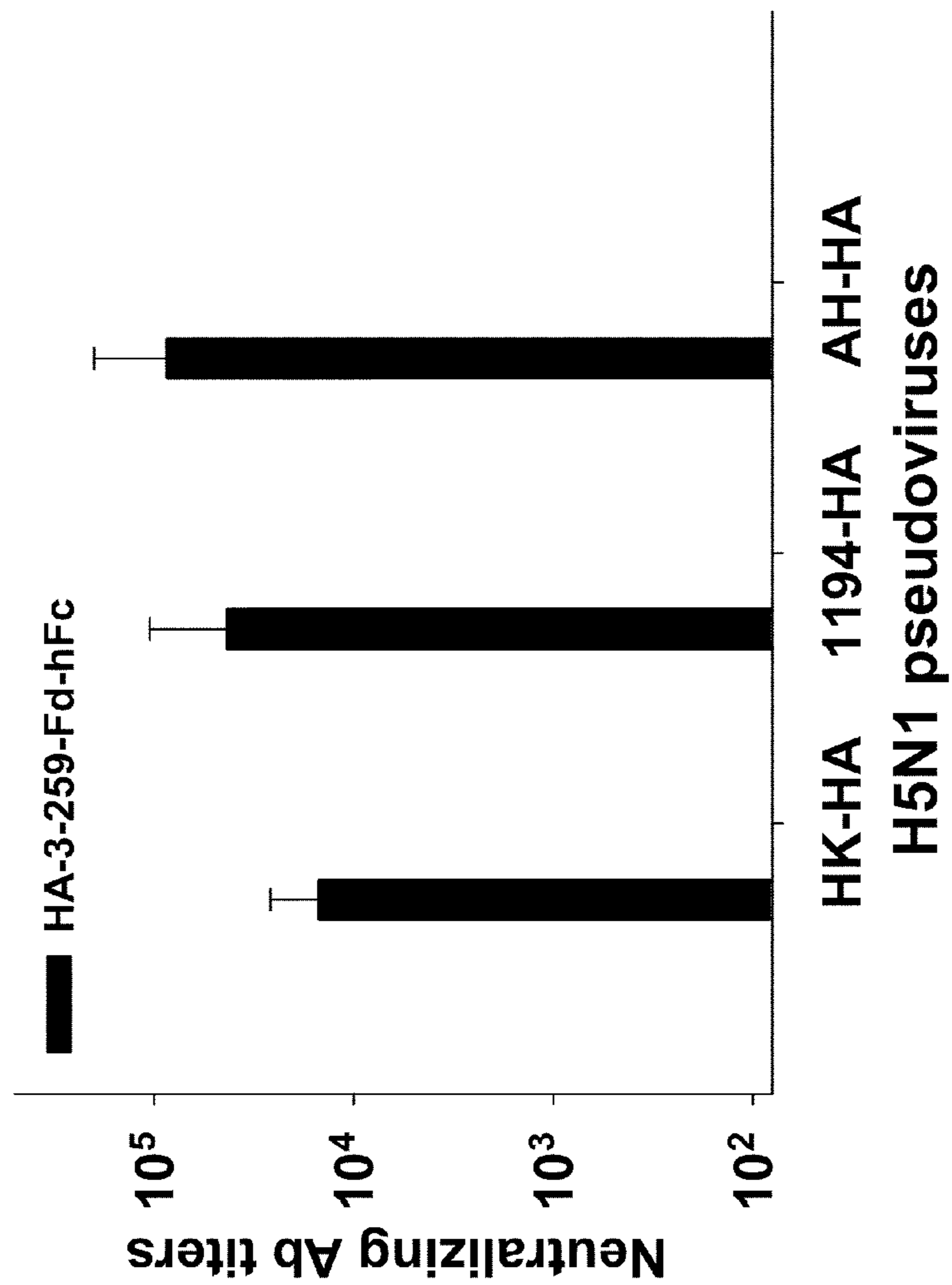


FIG. 18

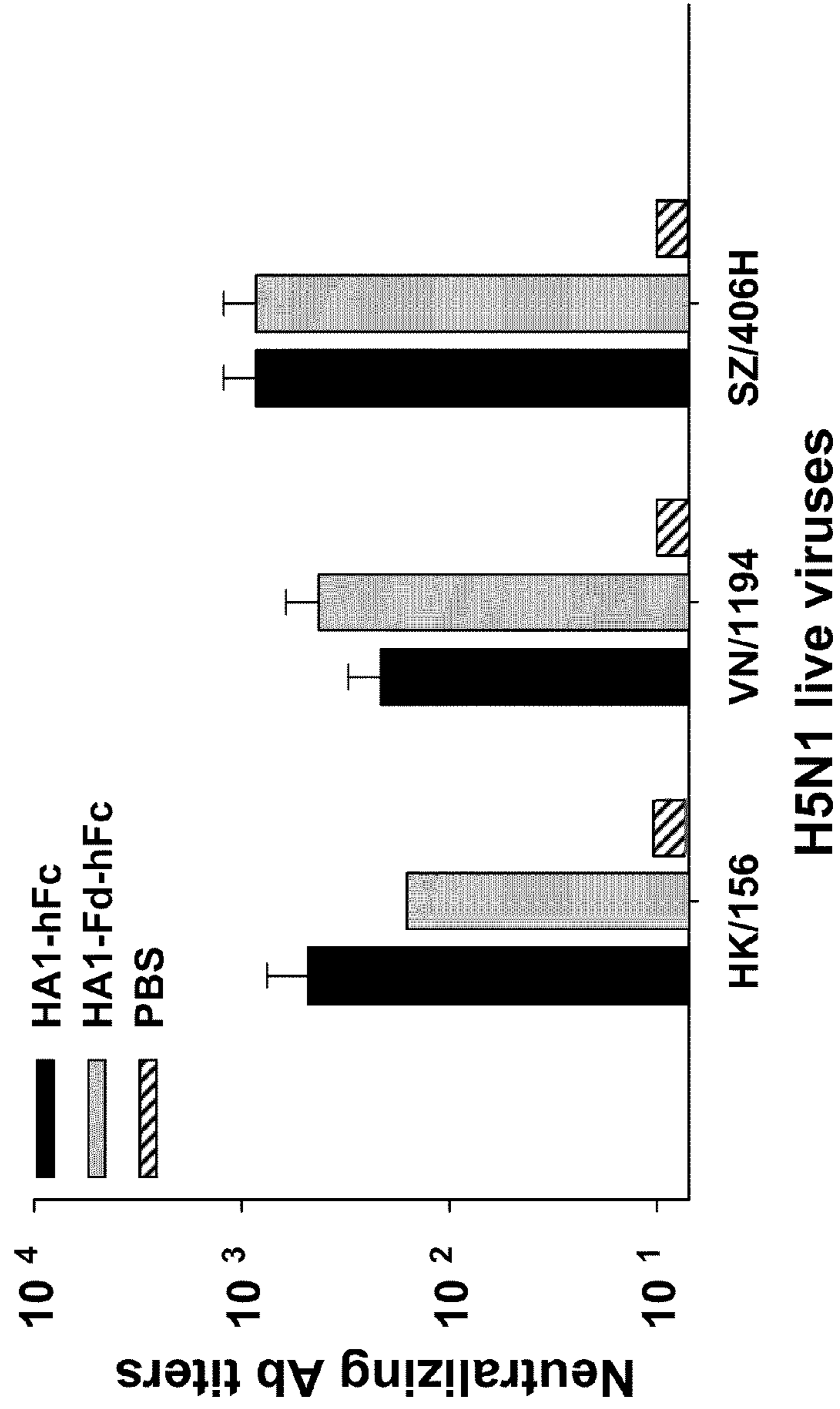


FIG. 19

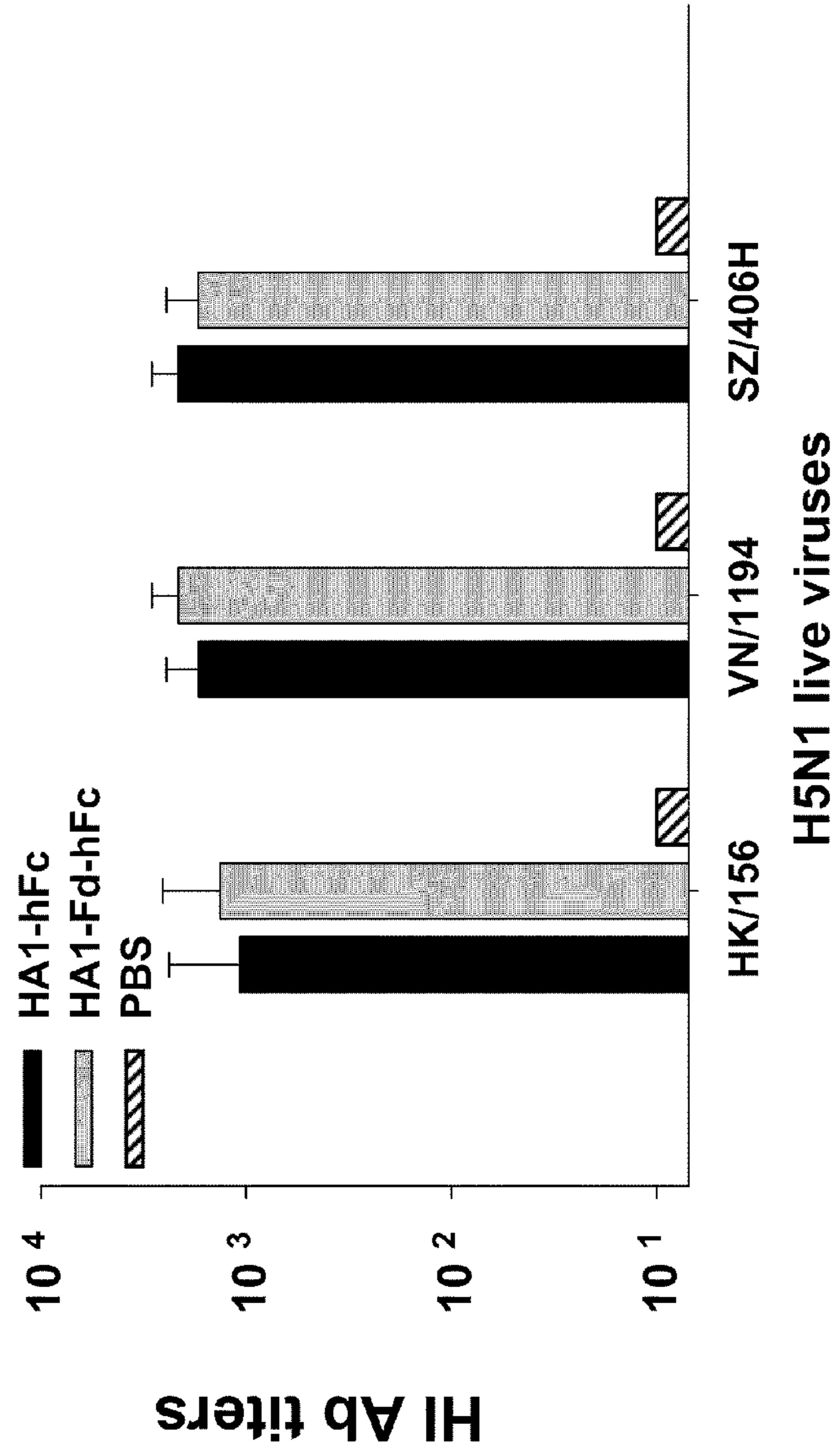


FIG. 20

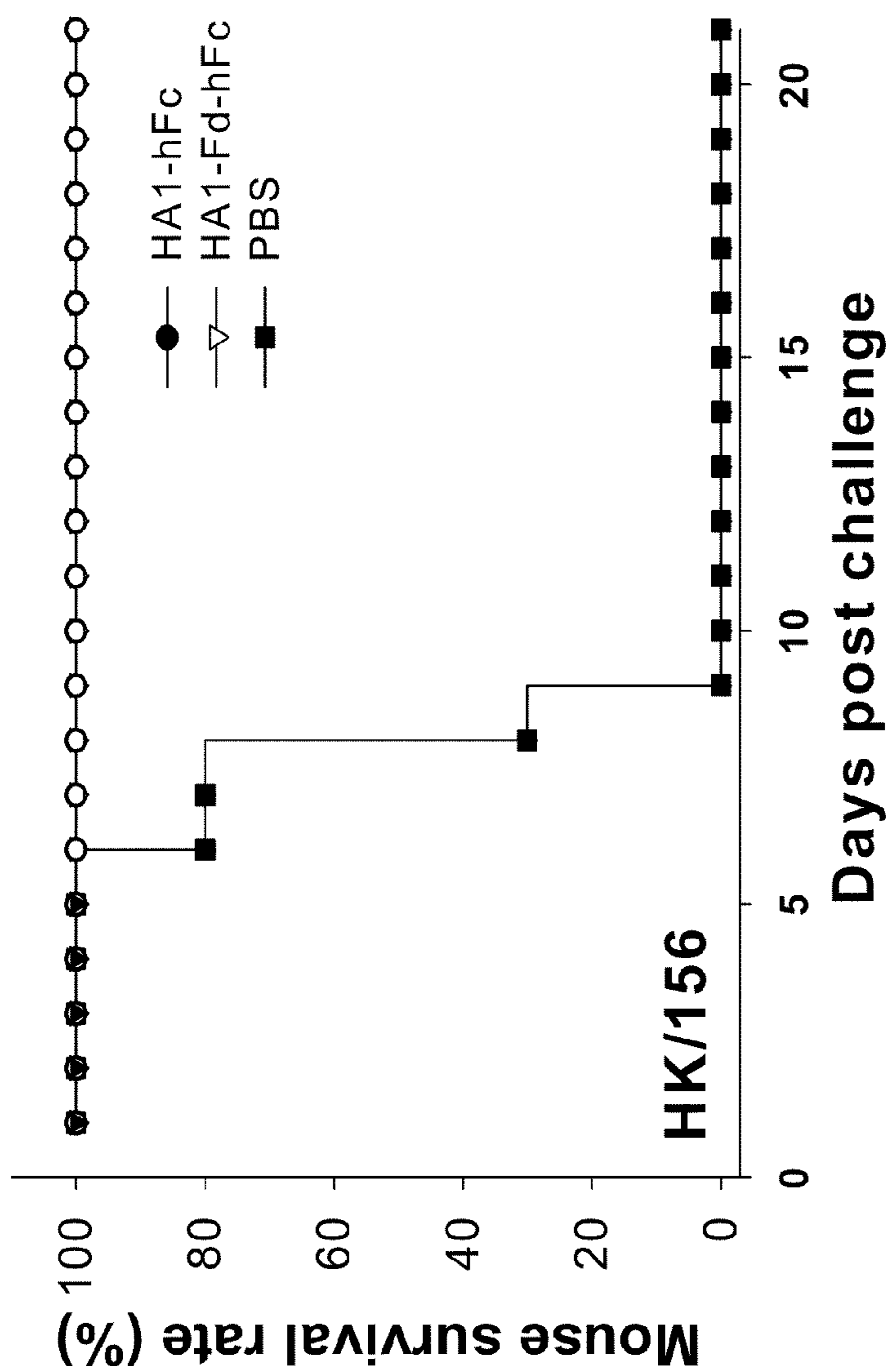


FIG. 21

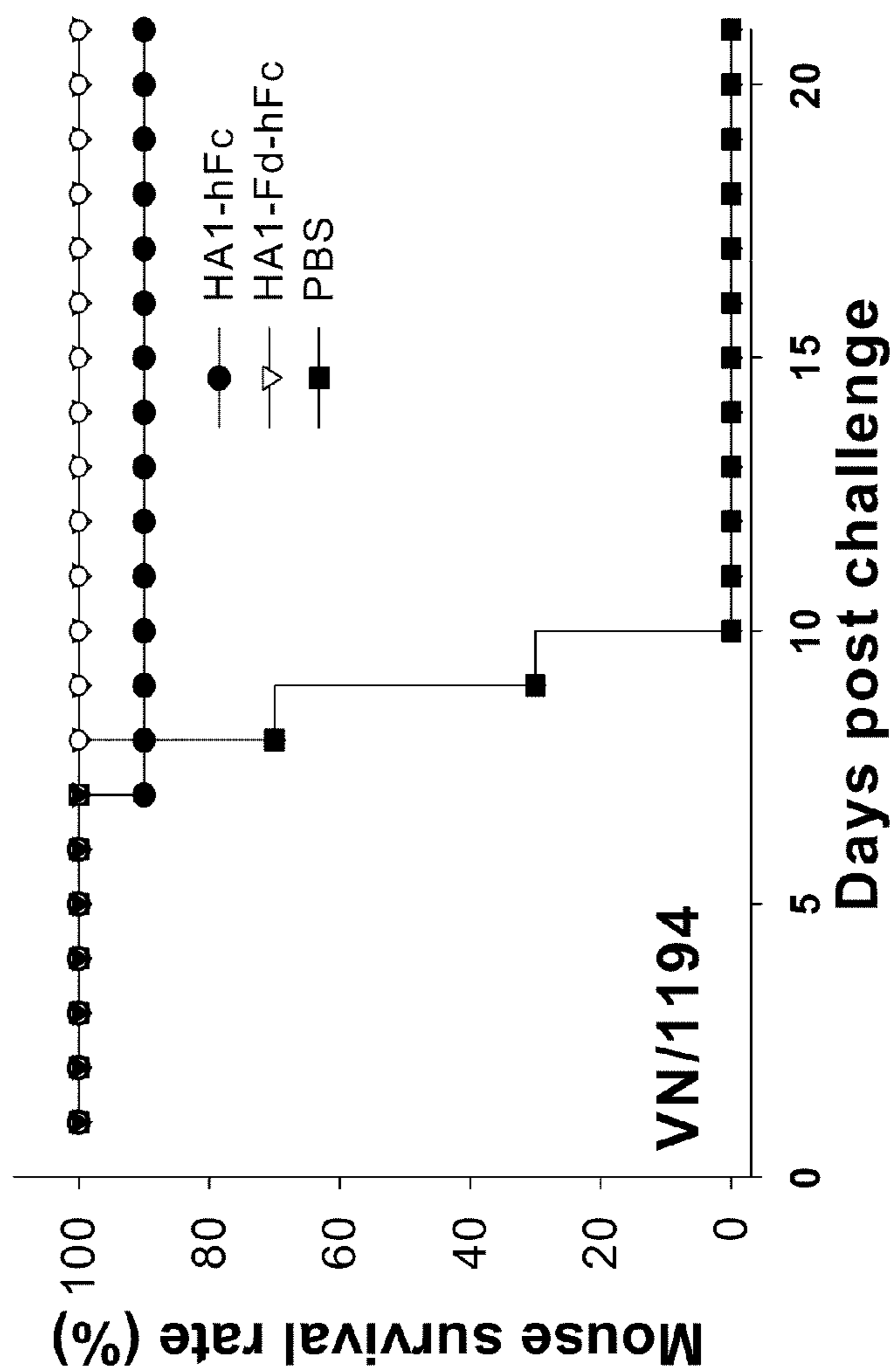


FIG. 22

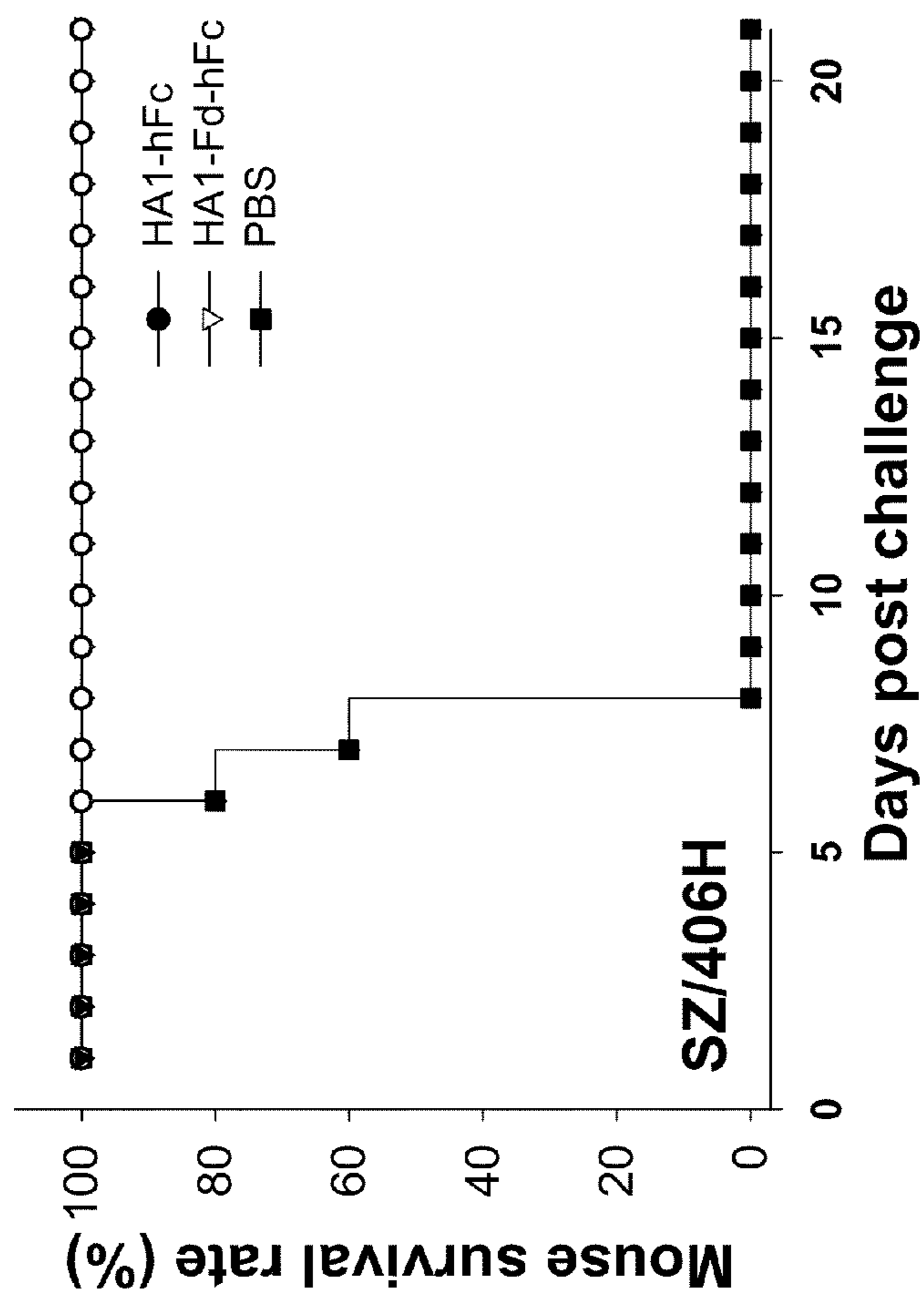


FIG. 23

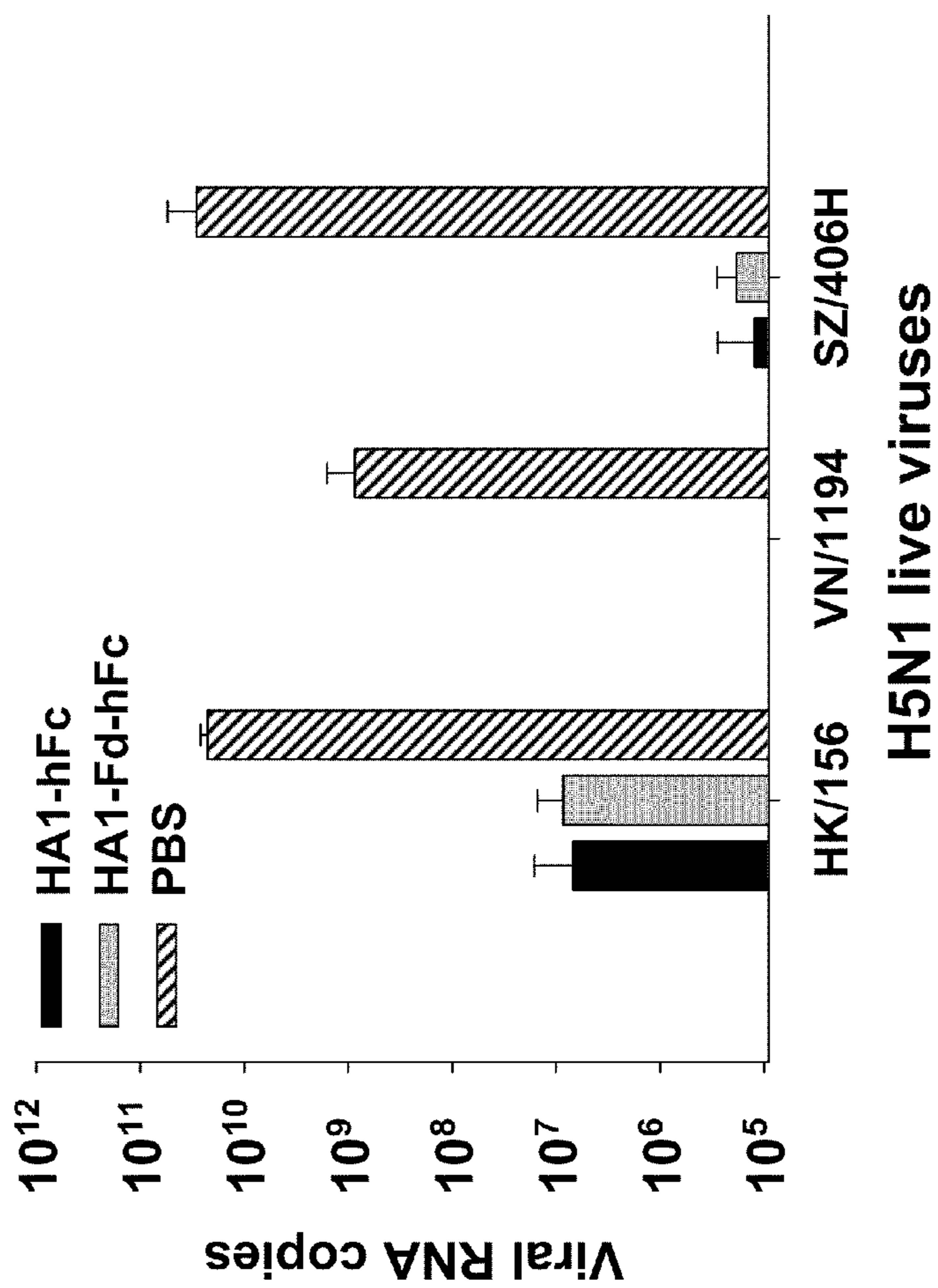
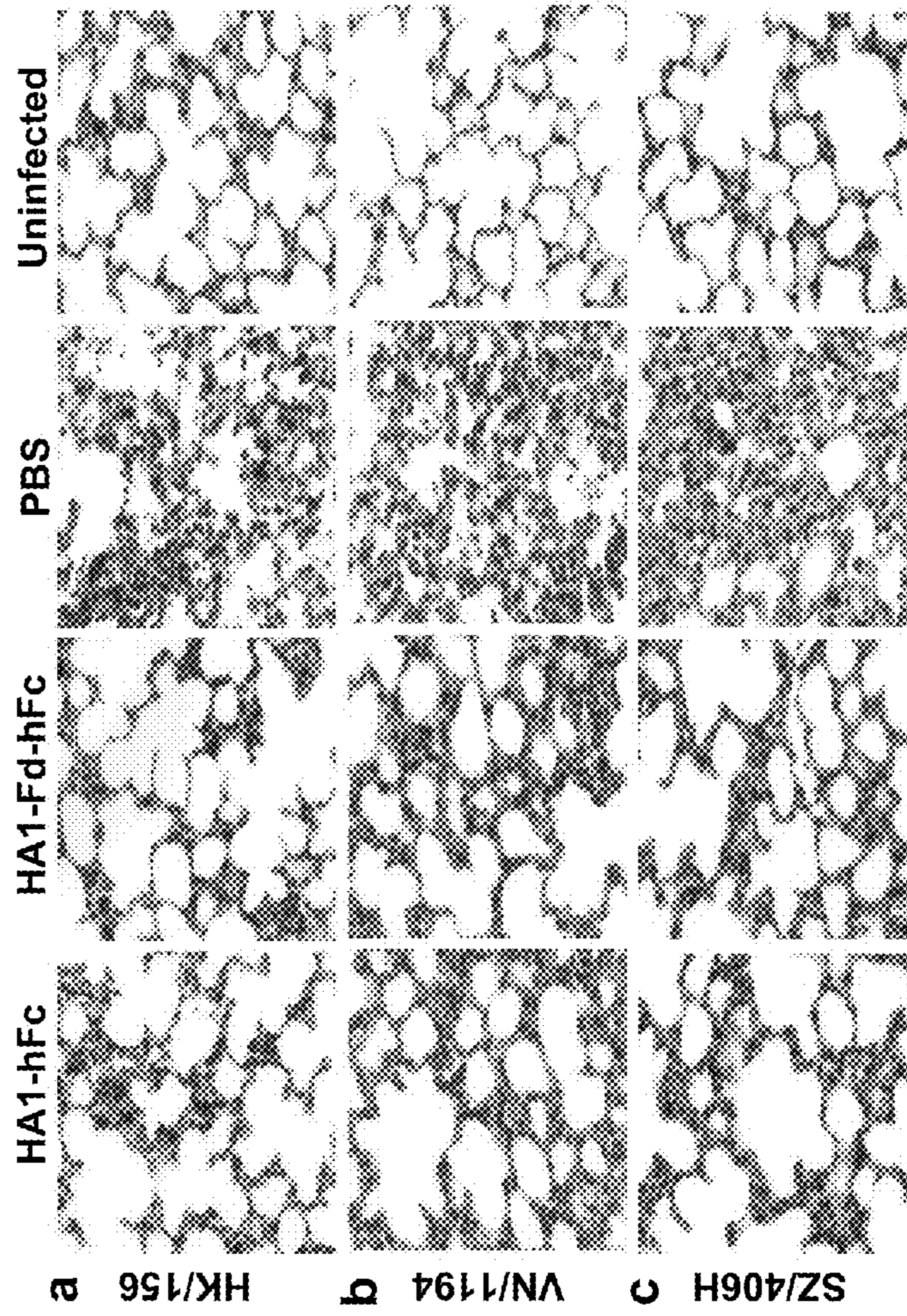


FIG. 24



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IMMUNOPOTENTIATOR-LINKED OLIGOMERIC INFLUENZA IMMUNOGENIC COMPOSITIONS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/250,442 filed Oct. 9, 2009, the entire contents of which is incorporated by reference herein.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present disclosure relates to the field of immunogenic compositions for the prevention of influenza infection.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The Influenza A virus, which belongs to the Orthomyxoviridae family, can cause influenza in humans, birds or domesticated food animals. The virus can be classified into different subtypes based on their surface glycoproteins, hemagglutinin (HA) and neuraminidase (NA). Of the 16 known HAs and nine NAs, three HA subtypes (H1, H2, and H3) and two NA subtypes (N1 and N2) are most commonly found in humans. H1N1 and H3N2 are the major subtypes that cause human seasonal flu and global pandemics of influenza. The influenza pandemic in 2009 is caused by influenza A virus H1N1 of swine origin. This has led to a growing concern regarding the pandemic potential of the highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) H5N1 viruses. Thus the development of an effective and safe vaccine against divergent influenza A virus strains is urgently needed for the prevention of future outbreaks of influenza.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Disclosed herein are immunogenic compositions for the prevention of infection with influenza viruses. The disclosed immunogenic compositions are trimeric proteins comprising: 1) an immunogen, such as an influenza hemagglutinin sequence; 2) a trimerization or stabilization sequence; and 3) an immunopotentiator sequence. The three sequences are contiguous and expressed as a single protein in a mammalian expression system or the immunogen and the immunogen and the immunopotentiator are chemically linked and stabilized.

In one embodiment, disclosed herein is an immunogenic composition for induction of an immune response against influenza virus, the immunogenic composition comprising a polypeptide comprising an immunogen and an immunopotentiator. In another embodiment, the polypeptide further comprises a stabilization sequence.

In other embodiments, the immunogen is a hemagglutinin sequence of an influenza virus, a neuraminidase sequence of an influenza virus or a membrane protein sequence of an influenza virus. In another embodiment, the immunogen is a fragment of said hemagglutinin sequence selected from the group consisting of HA1, HA2 and RBD. In another embodiment, the immunopotentiator is selected from the group consisting of the Fc fragment of human IgG, C3d, *Onchocerca volvulus* ASP-1, cholera toxin and muramyl peptides.

In another embodiment, the stabilization sequence is foldon or GCN4.

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In yet another embodiment, the polypeptide is a fusion protein. In another embodiment, the polypeptide is produced in a mammalian expression system.

In another embodiment, the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of HA1-hFc, HA-hFc, HA1+3-259-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc, HA-Fd-hFc, HA2-Fd-hFc, HA-RBD-Fd-hFc, and HA1+3-259-Fd-hFc.

In another embodiment, the immunogen is linked to said stabilization sequence and wherein said stabilization sequence is linked to the immunopotentiator in a single polypeptide. In yet another embodiment, the immunogen and the immunopotentiator are chemically stabilized by 2,2-bipyridine-5-carboxylic acid (BPY).

In still another embodiment, the immunogenic composition further comprises an adjuvant.

Also disclosed herein is a method of inducing a protective immune response against an influenza virus, the method comprising administering the immunogenic composition of claim 1 to a host in need thereof and wherein the immunogenic composition induces a protective immune response against challenge with an infectious agent in the host. In another embodiment, the immunogenic composition further comprises an adjuvant.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 depicts the structure of the hemagglutinin (HA) protein of an influenza A H5N1 virus [A/Anhui/1/2005 (H5N1)] and the construction of the recombinant HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins containing the HA1 fragment (amino acids [aa] +3-322), and the recombinant HA-3-259-Fd-hFc protein including HA1 fragment of aa +3-259 of H5N1 virus HA fused to human IgG Fc (hFc), with or without the Fd sequence. The protease cleavage site RERRRKR between HA1 and HA2 is set forth as SEQ ID NO:41.

FIG. 2 depicts the sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) (FIG. 2a) and Western blot (FIG. 2b) analyses of the expressed HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins.

FIG. 3 depicts Fast Protein Liquid Chromatography (FPLC) analysis of the expressed HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins. The molecular weight of the proteins was indicated on each peak, with the structure corresponding to calculated standard proteins.

FIG. 4 depicts the immunization scheme of BALB/c mice with recombinant HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins, detection of induced antibodies and neutralizing activity, and challenge of the vaccinated mice with live H5N1 virus for cross-protection evaluation.

FIG. 5 depicts the binding reactivity of mouse sera (1:3,000 dilution) collected at day 0 (pre-immune) and 10 days post the 1st, 2nd and 3rd boosts with recombinant HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins.

FIG. 6 depicts the ability of IgG antibody (Ab) to bind to HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc fusion proteins detected in sera of mice collected 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins.

FIG. 7 depicts the mean anti-HA1-hFc, anti-HA1-Fd-hFc and anti-HA-3-259-Fd-hFc IgG Ab titer of mouse sera collected 10 days post last vaccination.

FIG. 8 depicts the ability of IgG Ab to bind to an HA1 protein without Fd and Fc, detected in serially diluted sera of mice collected 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins.

FIG. 9 depicts the ability of IgG Ab binds to A/VietNam/1194/2004 (VN/1194)-inactivated H5N1 virus, detected in serially diluted sera of mice collected 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, and HA1-Fd-hFc.

FIG. 10 depicts ability of IgG1 subtype Ab to bind to the HA1 protein, detected in serially diluted sera of mice collected 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, and HA1-Fd-hFc.

FIG. 11 depicts ability of IgG2a subtype Ab to bind to the HA1 protein, detected in serially diluted sera of mice collected 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, and HA1-Fd-hFc.

FIG. 12 depicts the comparison of IgG1 and IgG2a Ab responses in HA1-hFc- and HA1-Fd-hFc-vaccinated mice.

FIG. 13 depicts the neutralizing Ab titers (NT_{50}) of sera from mice after each boost vaccination with HA1-hFc against H5N1 pseudovirus expressing XJ-HA, QH-HA, AH-HA and HK-HA as measured by pseudovirus neutralization assay.

FIG. 14 depicts the neutralizing Ab titers (NT_{50}) of sera from mice after each boost vaccination with HA1-Fd-hFc against H5N1 pseudovirus expressing XJ-HA, QH-HA, AH-HA and HK-HA as measured by pseudovirus neutralization assay.

FIG. 15 depicts the neutralizing Ab titers (NT_{50}) of sera from mice after each boost vaccination with HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc against H5N1 pseudovirus expressing homologous AH-HA as measured by pseudovirus neutralization assay.

FIG. 16 depicts the neutralizing Ab titers (NT_{50}) against HA of heterologous (HK-HA, 1194-HA, QH-HA and XJ-HA) and homologous (AH-HA) strains of H5N1 pseudovirus, detected in sera of mice at 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, and HA1-Fd-hFc.

FIG. 17 depicts the neutralizing Ab titers (NT_{50}) against HA of heterologous (HK-HA, 1194-HA) and homologous (AH-HA) strains of H5N1 pseudovirus, detected in sera of mice at 10 days post last vaccination with HA-3-259-Fd-hFc protein.

FIG. 18 depicts the neutralizing Ab titers (NT_{50}) against heterologous strains A/Hong Kong/156/97 (HK/156), VN/1194 and A/Shenzhen/406H/06 (SZ/406H) of H5N1 live virus, detected in sera of mice at 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, and HA1-Fd-hFc.

FIG. 19 depicts the hemagglutination inhibition (HI) antibody titers against heterologous strains (HK/156, VN/1194 and SZ/406H) of H5N1 live virus, detected in sera of mice at 10 days post last vaccination with HA1-hFc, and HA1-Fd-hFc.

FIG. 20 depicts the cross-protection of HA1-hFc- and HA1-Fd-hFc-vaccinated mice against lethal H5N1 virus challenge, indicated by survival rate (%) of mice challenged with HK/156 strain (clade 0) of H5N1 live virus,

FIG. 21 depicts the cross-protection of HA1-hFc- and HA1-Fd-hFc-vaccinated mice against lethal H5N1 virus challenge, indicated by survival rate (%) of mice challenged with VN/1194 strain (clade 1) of H5N1 live virus.

FIG. 22 depicts the cross-protection of HA1-hFc- and HA1-Fd-hFc-vaccinated mice against lethal H5N1 virus challenge, indicated by survival rate (%) of mice challenged with SZ/406H strain (clade 2.3.4) of H5N1 live virus.

FIG. 23 depicts the quantification of viral RNA in lung tissue of H5N1 virus-challenged mice by quantitative reverse transcription PCR (QRT-PCR). Viral titers of HK/156, VN/1194 and SZ/406H strains of H5N1 virus were determined in lung tissues of the mice vaccinated with HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins.

FIG. 24 depicts the evaluation of histopathological changes in the lung tissues of HA1-hFc- and HA1-Fd-hFc-vaccinated mice following lethal challenge with heterologous strains of H5N1 virus. Lung tissues from mice injected with PBS and those of uninfected mice were used as negative and normal controls, respectively. All sections of lung tissues were stained with hematoxylin and eosin (H&E) and observed under a light microscope (magnification, 100 \times). Representative images of histopathological damage from vaccinated mice challenged with H5N1 strains HK/156 (a), VN/1194 (b), and SZ/406H (c) are depicted.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

To facilitate an understanding of the following Detailed Description, Examples and appended claims it may be useful to refer to the following definitions. These definitions are non-limiting in nature and are supplied merely as a convenience to the reader.

Gene: A "gene" as used herein refers to at least a portion of a genetic construct having a promoter and/or other regulatory sequences required for, or that modify the expression of, the genetic construct.

Host: As used herein "host" refers to the recipient of the present immunogenic compositions. Exemplary hosts are mammals including, but not limited to, primates, rodents, cows, horses, dogs, cats, sheep, goats, pigs and elephants. In one embodiment of the present invention the host is a human. For the purposes of this disclosure host is synonymous with "vaccinee."

Immunogen: As used herein the term "immunogen" refers to any substrate that elicits an immune response in a host. Immunogens of the present disclosure include, but are not limited to hemagglutinins of influenza viruses.

Immunogenic Composition: As used herein an "immunogenic composition" refers to an expressed protein or a recombinant vector, with or without an adjuvant, which expresses and/or secretes an immunogen in vivo and wherein the immunogen elicits an immune response in the host. The immunogenic compositions disclosed herein may or may not be immunoprotective or therapeutic. When the immunogenic compositions may prevent, ameliorate, palliate or eliminate disease from the host then the immunogenic composition may optionally be referred to as a vaccine. However, the term immunogenic composition is not intended to be limited to vaccines.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Development of an effective and safe vaccine against divergent influenza A viruses is urgently needed for the prevention of future outbreak of influenza, especially the pandemic potential of the divergent strains of highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) H5N1 viruses. The present disclosure describes the development of a subunit influenza vaccine based on the surface hemagglutinin (HA) proteins of an influenza A virus. This candidate vaccine uses mammalian cell-expressed recombinant proteins encoding the HA1 fragment of HA. It induced strong immune responses, potent neutralizing antibodies and extensive cross-protective immunity in vaccinated animals. The elicited neutralizing antibodies were proven to be effective against at least five strains of pseudotyped influenza A virus isolates representing clades 0, 1, 2.2, and 2.3, and neutralize and cross-protect against at least three strains of live H5N1 influenza viruses covering clade 0, 1 and 2.3.4.

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In one embodiment disclosed herein, provided is a subunit influenza vaccine (immunogenic composition) comprising a hemagglutinin (HA) of an influenza virus, a stabilization sequence and an immunopotentiator. In another embodiment, the immunogenic composition is expressed in a mammalian expression system.

A universal influenza vaccine that could provide hetero-subtypic immunity would be a tremendous advance for public health. Disclosed herein is a candidate influenza vaccine, using mammalian 293T cell-expressed fusion proteins encoding the HA1 fragment (residues +3-322, SEQ ID NO. 2, and residues +3-259, SEQ ID NO. 30, respectively) of an influenza A H5N1 virus [A/Anhui/1/2005(H5N1)]. The expressed recombinant protein was fused with a foldon (Fd) sequence (SEQ ID NO. 6) and the Fc fragment (SEQ ID NO. 7) of human IgG1 (hFc), with the purpose to maintain the trimerization structure of native HA proteins and to increase the stability and immunogenicity. Foldon is a trimerization or oligomerization motif from the T4 bacteriophage fibrin. HA is a homotrimeric integral membrane glycoprotein. It is shaped like a cylinder, and is approximately 13.5 nanometers long. The three identical monomers that constitute HA are constructed into a central α helix coil; three spherical heads contain the sialic acid binding sites. HA monomers are synthesized as precursors that are then glycosylated and cleaved into two smaller polypeptides: the HA1 and HA2 subunits. Each HA monomer consists of a long, helical chain anchored in the membrane by HA2 and topped by a large HA1 globule.

In one embodiment, the immunopotentiator is an immunoglobulin Fc fragment. The immunoglobulin molecule consists of two light (L) chains and two heavy (H) chains held together by disulfide bonds such that the chains form a Y shape. The base of the Y (carboxyl terminus of the heavy chain) plays a role in modulating immune cell activity. This region is called the Fc (fragment, crystallizable) region, and is composed of two heavy chains that contribute two or three constant domains depending on the class of the antibody. By binding to specific proteins, the Fc region ensures that each antibody generates an appropriate immune response for a given antigen. The Fc region also binds to various cell receptors, such as Fc receptors, and other immune molecules, such as complement proteins. By doing this, it mediates different physiological effects including opsonization, cell lysis, and degranulation of mast cells, basophils and eosinophils.

The disclosed immunogenic compositions have high efficacy in inducing potent immune responses in tested animals. They are able to elicit highly potent neutralizing antibodies that could neutralize not only homologous A/Anhui/1/2005 (AH, clade 2.3) strains but also heterologous A/Hong Kong/156/97 (HK, clade 0), A/VietNam/1194/2004 (1194, clade 1), A/Xinjiang/1/2006 (XJ, clade 2.2), and A/Qinghai/59/05 (QH, clade 2.2) strains of H5N1 viruses expressing HA proteins in a cell culture-based pseudovirus neutralizing assay. In addition, the disclosed immunogenic compositions highly neutralize and completely cross-protect against at least three divergent strains of H5N1 live viruses, including clade 0: A/Hong Kong/156/97 (HK/156), clade 1: A/Viet-Nam/1194/2004 (VN/1194) and clade 2.3.4: A/Shenzhen/406H/06 (SZ/406H). The above features demonstrate that the expressed fusion proteins have a high potential to be developed into a universal influenza vaccine for the prevention of future flu outbreaks.

Previously designed influenza HA-based vaccines could not induce highly potent and broad neutralizing responses in the hosts, most likely because these vaccines could not properly maintain the stable and soluble trimeric conformation, or they lack efficient immunogenicity to induce high levels of neutralizing antibodies. The presently described

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immunogenic compositions have solved these problems by: 1) addition of Fd, a trimerization motif, to HA1 allows the HA1 to properly maintain the stable and soluble trimeric conformation; and 2) fusion of Fc fragment of IgG to HA1-Fd which results in enhanced immunogenicity of HA1-trimer to induce high levels of neutralizing antibodies and cross-protection against a broad spectrum of influenza viruses. In addition, the Fc fragment has tendency to form a non-covalent dimer through its disulfide bond, which may allow the fusion protein to form a dimer, hexamer or other form of oligomer, resulting in a more immunogenic molecule.

The ability to induce antibodies against divergent strains of a particular virus would solve the one strain-one vaccine problem that has been a significant hurdle for all manufacturers of flu vaccines. Furthermore, the described formulation does not utilize chicken eggs to grow the virus—a major advantage that not only significantly reduces manufacturing time and cost but also allows pregnant women and persons allergic to chicken egg proteins to receive the vaccine.

TABLE 1

Components that can be used for design of immunopotentiator-linked oligomeric Influenza vaccines		
Proteins of influenza viruses*	Stabilization molecule or method to form trimer or oligomer	Immunopotentiators or I modulators
Hemagglutinin (HA)	GCN4	cholera toxin
HA1	Foldon	immunomodulators (such as cytokines)
HA2	2,2-bipyridine-5-carboxylic acid (BPY)	bacterial LPS
Peptides from HA1	Disulfide bonds	Synthetic LPS mimetic RC529
Peptides from HA2	Facile ligation	muramyl peptides
Neuraminidase (NA)		Monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL)
Peptides from NA		dsRNA complexes
Membrane protein (M)		CpG ODN, CTA1-DD
Peptides from M		IgG Fc
HA receptor binding domain (RBD)		C3d
		ASP-1
		TGF- β or Th2 cytokines

*including different subtypes.

In one embodiment, the influenza virus component of the instant immunogenic composition can comprise a sequence selected from the group consisting of the HA sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the HA sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the HA sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the HA1 sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the HA1 sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the HA1 sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the HA2 sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the HA2 sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the HA2 sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the NA sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the NA sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the NA sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the HA-NA sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the HA-NA sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the HA-NA sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the HA-M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the HA-M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H1N1; the HA-M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H3N2; the HA-NA-M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H5N1; the HA-NA-M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H1N1; and the HA-NA-M1/M2 sequence of influenza virus H3N2. Amino acid and nucleic acid sequences for each of the above domains can be found in the Influenza Research Database.

TABLE 2

Amino acid and DNA sequences of immunopotentiator-linked oligomeric influenza immunogenic compositions
(Note: SEQ ID NO. 40 and 42-48 are DNA sequences, while others are amino acid sequences)

SEQ ID NO. 1 [A/Anhui/1/2005 (H5N1) HA]:

MEKIVLLLAIVSLVKSDQICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPL
ILRDCSVAGWLLGNPMDEFINVPESYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKI
QIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNPTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIH
HSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFES
NGNFIAPEYAYKIVKKGDSAIKSEVEYGNKTKCQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPLRERRRKRGLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKEST
QKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTOFEAVGREFNLERIENLNKMKMEDGFLDVWVYNAELLVLMENE
RTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQLRDNAKELGNGCFEYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEAR
LKREIISGVKLESIGTYQILSIYSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI

SEQ ID NO. 2 [A/Anhui/1/2005 (H5N1) HA1 +3-322]:

ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPESYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGV
SSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNPTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFIAPEYAYKIVKKG
DSAIKSEVEYGNKTKCQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPL

SEQ ID NO. 3 [A/Anhui/1/2005 (H5N1) HA2]:

GLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKESTQKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTO
FEAVGREFNLERIENLNKMKMEDGFLDVWVYNAELLVLMENERTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQ
LRDNAKELGNGCFEYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEARLKREIISGVKLESIGTYQILSI
YSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI

SEQ ID NO. 4 [A/Anhui/1/2005 (H5N1) HA-RBD]:

LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNPTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQ
EDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILK
PNDAINFESNGNFIAPEYAYKIVKKG

SEQ ID NO. 5 [IL2ss signal peptide]:

MYRMQLLSLALVTNS

SEQ ID NO. 6 [Foldon (Fd), also see SEQ ID NO. 36]:

GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL

SEQ ID NO. 7 [human IgG Fc (hFc)]:

RSDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDMLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDG
VEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPR
EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLY
SKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPK

SEQ ID NO. 8 [HA-Fd]:

MEKIVLLLAIVSLVKSDQICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPL
ILRDCSVAGWLLGNPMDEFINVPESYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKI
QIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNPTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIH
HSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFES
NGNFIAPEYAYKIVKKGDSAIKSEVEYGNKTKCQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPLRERRRKRGLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKEST
QKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTOFEAVGREFNLERIENLNKMKMEDGFLDVWVYNAELLVLMENE
RTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQLRDNAKELGNGCFEYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEAR
LKREIISGVKLESIGTYQILSIYSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICIGYIPEAPRDGQ
AYVRKDGWVLLSTFL

SEQ ID NO. 9 [HA1-Fd]:

ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPESYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGV
SSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNPTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFIAPEYAYKIVKKG
DSAIKSEVEYGNKTKCQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPL-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL

TABLE 2-continued

Amino acid and DNA sequences of immunopotentiator-linked oligomeric influenza immunogenic compositions

(Note: SEQ ID NO. 40 and 42-48 are DNA sequences, while others are amino acid sequences)

SEQ ID NO. 10 [HA2-Fd]:

GLFGAIAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKESTQKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQ
FEAVGREFNLERRIENLNKKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENERTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQ
LRDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEARLKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSI
YSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL

SEQ ID NO. 11 [HA-RBD-Fd]:

LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQ
EDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILK
PNDAINFESNGNFIAPYAYKIVKK-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL

SEQ ID NO. 12 [HA-hFc]:

MEKIVLLLAIVSLVKSQICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKPL
ILRDCSVAGWLLGNPMDEFINPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKI
QIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQEDLLILWGIH
HSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFES
NGNFIAPYAYKIVKKGDSAIKSEVEYGNCTKQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPLRERRRGRGLFGAIAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKEST
QKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQFEAVGREFNLERRIENLNKKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENE
RTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQLRDNKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEAR
LKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSIYSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI-RSDKTHTCPP
CPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP
REEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS
REEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRW
QQGNVFSQSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 13 [HA1-hFc]:

ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
DEFINPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGV
SSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFIAPYAYKIVKKG
DSAIKSEVEYGNCTKQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS NKLVLATGLRNSPL-RS
DKTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVE
VHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREP
QVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSQSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 14 [HA2-hFc]:

GLFGAIAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKESTQKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQ
FEAVGREFNLERRIENLNKKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENERTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQ
LRDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEARLKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSI
YSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI-RSDKTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK
DTLMI SRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQ
DWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPS
SDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSQSVMEALHNHY
TQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 15 [HA-RBD-hFc]:

LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQ
EDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILK
PNDAINFESNGNFIAPYAYKIVKK-RSDKTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRT
PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEY
KCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWES
NGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSQSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

TABLE 2-continued

Amino acid and DNA sequences of immunopotentiator-linked oligomeric influenza immunogenic compositions

(Note: SEQ ID NO. 40 and 42-48 are DNA sequences, while others are amino acid sequences)

SEQ ID NO. 16 [HA-Fd-hFc]:

MEKIVLLLAIVSLVKSQDQICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDDLGDGKPL
ILRDCSVAGWLLGNPMCDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKI
QIIPKSSWSDHEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIH
HSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFES
NGNFIAPYAYKIVKKGDSAIKSEVEYGNCTKQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPLRERRRKRGLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKEST
QKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQFEAVGREFNLERRIENLNKKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENE
RTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQRLDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEAR
LKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSIYSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQ
AYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSDKTHTCPPCPAPELGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVVD
VSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNK
ALPAPIEKTI SKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENN
YKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 17 [HA1-Fd-hFc]:

ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDDLGDGKPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFIAPYAYKIVKKG
DSAIKSEVEYGNCTKQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS NKLVLATGLRNSPL-GYI
PEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSDKTHTCPPCPAPELGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRT
PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKE
YKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTI SKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWE
SNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 18 [HA2-Fd-hFc]:

GLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKESTQKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQ
FEAVGREFNLERRIENLNKKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENERTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQ
LRDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEARLKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSI
YSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RS
DKTHTCPPCPAPELGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVE
VHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTI SKAKGQPREP
QVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
LTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 19 [HA-RBD-Fd-hFc]:

LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQ
EDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILK
PNDAINFESNGNFIAPYAYKIVKKG-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSDKTHTCPP
CPAPELGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI SRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP
REEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTI SKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS
REEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRW
QQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 20 [mouse IqG Fc (mFc)]:

RSPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFFPKIKDVLMI SLSPIVTCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWV
NNVEVHTAQQTTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQHQDWMSGKEFKCKVNNKDL PAPIERTISKPKGS
VRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQVTLTCMVTDMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTPEVLDSDGSYF
MYSKLRVEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK

SEQ ID NO. 21 [HA-Fd-mFc]:

MEKIVLLLAIVSLVKSQDQICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDDLGDGKPL
ILRDCSVAGWLLGNPMCDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKI
QIIPKSSWSDHEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIH
HSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFES
NGNFIAPYAYKIVKKGDSAIKSEVEYGNCTKQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPLRERRRKRGLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQSGYAADKEST
QKAIDGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQFEAVGREFNLERRIENLNKKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENE
RTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQRLDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEAR
LKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSIYSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQ
AYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFFPKIKDVLMI SLSPIVTCV
VVDVSEDDPDVQISWVNNVEVHTAQQTTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQHQDWMSGKEFKCKV
NKDL PAPIERTISKPKGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQVTLTCMVTDMPEDIYVEWTNNGKTE
LNYKNTPEVLDSDGSYFMYSKLRVEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK

SEQ ID NO. 22 [HA1-Fd-mFc]:

ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDDLGDGKPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHLISRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTSPFFRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVLPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFIAPYAYKIVKKG
DSAIKSEVEYGNCTKQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGECPKYVKS NKLVLATGLRNSPL-GYI
PEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFIFFPKIKDVLMI
SLSPIVTCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVNNVEVHTAQQTTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQHQDWMSG

TABLE 2-continued

Amino acid and DNA sequences of immunopotentiator-linked oligomeric influenza immunogenic compositions
(Note: SEQ ID NO. 40 and 42-48 are DNA sequences, while others are amino acid sequences)

KEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISPKPGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQVTLTCMVTDFMPEDIYVE
WTNNGKTELNYKNTEPVLDSGYSYFMYSKLRVEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFS
RTPGK

SEQ ID NO. 23 [HA2-Fd-mFc]:

GLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQGSYAADKESTQKAI DGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQ
FEAVGREFNNLERRIENLNKMKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENERTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQ
LRDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEARLKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSI
YSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNSGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDG EWVLLSTFL-RS
PRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFI FPPKIKDVLMI SLSPIVTCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFN
NVEVHTAQQTTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQH QDWMSGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISPKPGSV
RAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQVTLTCMVTDFMPEDI YVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTEPVLDSGYSYF
MYSKLRVEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK

SEQ ID NO. 24 [HA-RBD-Fd-mFc]:

LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRN VVWLIKKNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQ
EDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLV PKIATR SKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILK
PNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDG EWVLLSTFL-RSPRGPTIKPC
PPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFI FPPKIKDVLMI SLSPIVTCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFN NVEVHTAQ
QTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQH QDWMSGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISPKPGSVRAPQVYVLP
PPEEEMTKKQVTLTCMVTDFMPEDI YVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTEPVLDSGYSYFMYSKLRVEK
KNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTKSFSRTPGK

SEQ ID NO. 25 [rabbit IgG Fc (rFc)]:

RSSKPTCPPPELLGGPSVFI FPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSD DPEVQFTWYINNEQVRT
ARPLREQQFNSTIRVVSTLPIAHQDWLRGKEFKCKVHNKALPAPIEKTISKARGQPLEPKVYT
MGPPREELSSRSVSLTCMINGFYPSDISVEWEKNGKAEDNYKTT PAVLDSGYSYFLYSKLSVP
TSEWQRGDVFTCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSI SRSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 26 [HA-Fd-rFc]:

MEKIVLLLAIVSLVKSQDQICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKPL
ILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM CDEFINVP EWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHL LSRINHFEKI
QIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRN VVWLIKKNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQEDLLILWGIH
HSDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLV PKIATR SKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFES
NGNFI APEYAYKIVKKGDSAI VKSEVEYGN CNTKCQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGEC PKYVKS
NKLVLATGLRNSPLRERRR RGLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQGSYAADKEST
QKAI DGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQFEAVGREFNNLERRIENLNKMKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENE
RTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQLRDN AKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEAR
LKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSIYSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNSGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQ
AYVRKDG EWVLLSTFL-RSSKPTCPPPELLGGPSVFI FPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSD
DPEVQFTWYINNEQVRTARPLREQQFNSTIRVVSTLPIAHQDWLRGKEFKCKVHNKALPAPIE
KTISKARGQPLEPKVYTMGPPREELSSRSVSLTCMINGFYPSDISVEWEKNGKAEDNYKTT PAV
LDSGYSYFLYSKLSVPTSEWQRGDVFTCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSI SRSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 27 [HA1-Fd-rFc]:

ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVP EWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNDYEELKHL LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGV
SSACPYQGTSPFFRN VVWLIKKNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLV PKIATR SKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKKG
DSAI VKSEVEYGN CNTKCQTPIGAINSSMPFHNIHPLTIGEC PKYVKS NKLVLATGLRNSPL-GYI
PEAPRDGQAYVRKDG EWVLLSTFL-RSSKPTCPPPELLGGPSVFI FPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC
VVVDVSD DPEVQFTWYINNEQVRTARPLREQQFNSTIRVVSTLPIAHQDWLRGKEFKCKVH
NKALPAPIEKTISKARGQPLEPKVYTMGPPREELSSRSVSLTCMINGFYPSDISVEWEKNGKAE
DNYKTT PAVLDSGYSYFLYSKLSVPTSEWQRGDVFTCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSI SRSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 28 [HA2-Fd-rFc]:

GLFGAIAAGFIEGGWQGMVDGWYGYHHSNEQGSYAADKESTQKAI DGVTNKVNSIIDKMNTQ
FEAVGREFNNLERRIENLNKMKMEDGFLDVWTYNAELLVLMENERTLDFHDSNVKNLYDKVRLQ
LRDNAKELGNGCFEFYHKCDNECMESVRNGTYDYPQYSEEARLKREEISGVKLESIGTYQILSI
YSTVASSLALAIMVAGLSLWMCNSGLQCRICI-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDG EWVLLSTFL-RS
SKPTCPPPELLGGPSVFI FPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSD DPEVQFTWYINNEQVRTAR
PPLREQQFNSTIRVVSTLPIAHQDWLRGKEFKCKVHNKALPAPIEKTISKARGQPLEPKVYTMG
PPREELSSRSVSLTCMINGFYPSDISVEWEKNGKAEDNYKTT PAVLDSGYSYFLYSKLSVPTSE
WQRGDVFTCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSI SRSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 29 [HA-RBD-Fd-rFc]:

LSRINHFEKIQIIPKSSWSDEASSGVSSACPYQGTSPFFRN VVWLIKKNNTYPTIKRSYNNTNQ
EDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPTTYISVGTSTLNQRLV PKIATR SKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILK
PNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDG EWVLLSTFL-RSSKPTCPPPE
LLGGPSVFI FPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSD DPEVQFTWYINNEQVRTARPLREQQFN
STIRVVSTLPIAHQDWLRGKEFKCKVHNKALPAPIEKTISKARGQPLEPKVYTMGPPREELSSRS
VSLTCMINGFYPSDISVEWEKNGKAEDNYKTT PAVLDSGYSYFLYSKLSVPTSEWQRGDVFTC
SVMHEALHNHYTQKSI SRSPGK

TABLE 2-continued

Amino acid and DNA sequences of immunopotentiator-linked oligomeric influenza immunogenic compositions

(Note: SEQ ID NO. 40 and 42-48 are DNA sequences, while others are amino acid sequences)

SEQ ID NO. 30 [A/Anhui/1/2005 (H5N1) HA1 +3-259]:
ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNNDYEELKHLISRINHFKEIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTPSFRRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK

SEQ ID NO. 31 HA1 +3-259-Fd]:
ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNNDYEELKHLISRINHFKEIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTPSFRRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-
GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL

SEQ ID NO. 32 [HA1 +3-259-hFc]:
ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNNDYEELKHLISRINHFKEIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTPSFRRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-
RSDKTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDG
VEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPR
EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLY
SKTLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSVMSVHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 33 [HA1 +3-259-Fd-hFc]:
ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNNDYEELKHLISRINHFKEIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTPSFRRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-
GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSDKTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS
RTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNG
KEPKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVE
WESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSVMSVHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

SEQ ID NO. 34 [HA1 +3-259-Fd-mFc]:
ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNNDYEELKHLISRINHFKEIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTPSFRRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-
GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSPRGPTIKPCPPCKCPAPNLLGGPSVFI FPPKIKDV
LMISLSPIVTCVVVDVSEDDPDVQISWVFNNEVHTAQTQTHREDYNSTLRVVSALPIQHODW
MSGKEFKCKVNNKDLPAPIERTISKPKGSVRAPQVYVLPPEEEMTKKQVTLTCMVTDMPEDI
YVEWTNNGKTELNYKNTPEVLDSDGSYFMYSKLVRVEKKNWVERNSYSCSVVHEGLHNHHTTK
SFSRTPGK

SEQ ID NO. 35 [HA1 +3-259-Fd-rFc]:
ICIGYHANNSTEQVDTIMEKNVTVTTHAQDILEKTHNGKLCDLGDKVPLILRDCSVAGWLLGNPM
CDEFINVPEWSYIVEKANPANDLCYPGNFNNDYEELKHLISRINHFKEIQIIPKSSWSDHEASSGV
SSACPYQGTPSFRRNVVWLIKNNNTYPTIKRSYNNNTNQEDLLILWGIHHSNDAAEQTKLYQNPT
TYISVGTSTLNQRLVPKIATRISKVNGQNGRMDFFWTILKPNDAINFESNGNFI APEYAYKIVKK-
GYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL-RSSKPTCPPELLGGPSVFI FPPKPKDTLMISRTPE
VTCVVVDVSDDDPEVQFTWYINNEQVTRARPPPLREQQFNSTIRVVS TLPIAHQDWLRGKEFKC
KVHNKALPAPIEKTISKARGQPLEPKVYTMGPPREELSSRSVSLTCMINGFYPSDIAVEWEKNG
KAEDNYKTTPAVLDSGSYFLYSKLSVPTSEWQRGDVFTCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSISRSPGK

In one embodiment, the stabilization sequence comprises a sequence that stabilizes the HA sequence in the trimer or oligomer configuration. As used herein, the terms stabilization sequence, trimeric motif and trimerization sequence are interchangeable and equivalent. Suitable stabilization sequences include, but are not limited to, foldon a 27 amino acid region of the C-terminal domain of T4 fibritin (GYI-PEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL, SEQ ID NO:6 or GSGYIPEAPRDGQAYVRKDGWVLLSTFL, SEQ ID NO:36), GCN4 (MKQIEDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKLI-GEV; SEQ ID NO. 37), IQ (RMKQIEDKIEEIES KQKKIE-NEIARIKK; SEQ ID NO. 38) or IZ (IKKEIEAIKKEQEAII-KKKIEAIEK; SEQ ID NO. 39). Other suitable stabilization methods include, but are not limited to, 2,2-bipyridine-5-carboxylic acid (BPY), disulfide bonds and facile ligation.

In another embodiment, the immunopotentiator comprises a sequence to enhance the immunogenicity of the immunogenic composition. Suitable immunopotentiators include, but are not limited to, the Fc fragment of human IgG, C3d (a complement fragment that promotes antibody formation binding to antigens enhancing their uptake by dendritic cells and B cells), ASP-1 (*Onchocerca volvulus* homologue of the activation associated secreted gene family) (see US 20060039921, which is incorporated by reference herein for all it discloses regarding ASP-1 adjuvants), cholera toxin, muramyl peptides and cytokines.

In one embodiment, the claimed fusion proteins can be constructed using overlapping primers. In another embodiment, the DNA sequence (GGCTATATTCCG GAAGCGC-CGCGTGATGGCCAGGCGTATGTGCGTAAAGATGGC-

GAATGGGTGCTG CTGTCTACCTTTCTG; SEQ ID NO:40) encoding Fd is synthesized first. Separate PCR products of HA1 and HA-3-259 and Fd are generated and the HA1-Fd and HA-3-259-Fd fusion fragment is amplified by one-round PCR using an HA1 or HA-3-259 Forward primer and Fd Reverse primer with HA1 and Fd DNA (PCR products) as templates. The amplified HA1-Fd and HA-3-259-Fd PCR products are then inserted into the hFc vector, to produce HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc recombinant plasmids encoding HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc fusion proteins, respectively.

In one embodiment, pFUSE-hIgG1-Fc (human Fc, hFc), pFUSE-mIgG2a-Fc2 (murine Fc, mFc), or pFUSE-rlgG2-Fc2 (rabbit Fc, rFc) vectors are used for construction of the disclosed fusion proteins. In another embodiment, the fusion proteins can be expressed from other mammalian cell expression vectors, including, but not limited to, pcDNA3.1, pcDNA6-His, PEE13.1, PEE1.41, pCMV-NEO-BAM, pSV2, and pCMV1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. In another embodiment, the fusion proteins can be expressed from insect cell expression vectors including, but not limited to, pAcGP67, pFastBac Dual, and pMT/V5-His-TOPO. In yet another embodiment, the fusion proteins can be expressed from *E. coli* expression vectors including, but not limited to, pET, pET-SUMO, and pGEX vectors with GST.

The following expression systems are suitable for use in expressing the disclosed fusion proteins: mammalian cell expression systems such as, but not limited to, the pcDNA and GS Gene expression systems; insect cell expression systems such as, but not limited to, Bac-to-Bac, baculovirus and DES expression systems; and *E. coli* expression systems including, but not limited to, pET, pSUMO and GST expression systems.

Advantages of proteins expressed in mammalian cell expression systems include the follows. The mammalian cell expression system is a relatively mature eukaryotic system for expression of recombinant proteins. It is more likely to achieve correctly folded soluble proteins with proper glycosylation, making the expressed protein maintain its native conformation and keep sufficient bioactivity. This system can either transiently or stably express recombinant antigens, and promote signal synthesis. Recombinant proteins expressed in this way may keep good antigenicity and immunogenicity. However, both insect and bacterial expression systems provide inexpensive and efficient expression of proteins which may be appropriate under certain conditions.

The purification systems are dependent on whether a tag is linked or fused with the HA proteins. When the fusion proteins are fused with IgG Fc vectors, Protein A or Protein G affinity chromatography is used for the purification. If the fusion proteins are fused with GST proteins, the GST columns will be used for the purification. If the fusion proteins link with 6xHis tag at the N- or C-terminal, the expressed proteins are purified using His tag columns. If no tag is linked with recombinant proteins, the expressed proteins could be purified using Fast protein liquid chromatography (FPLC), High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) or other chromatography.

In certain embodiments, the immunogenic compositions further comprise or are administered with an adjuvant. Adjuvants suitable for use in animals include, but are not limited to, Freund's complete or incomplete adjuvants, Sigma Adjuvant System (SAS), and Ribit adjuvants. Adjuvants suitable for use in humans include, but are not limited to, MF59 (an oil-in-water emulsion adjuvant), Montanide ISA 51 or 720 (a mineral oil-based or metabolizable oil-based adjuvant), aluminum hydroxide, -phosphate or -oxide,

HAVLOGEN® (an acrylic acid polymer-based adjuvant, Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Del.), polyacrylic acids, oil-in-water or water-in-oil emulsion based on, for example a mineral oil, such as BAYOL™ or MARCOL™ (Esso Imperial Oil Limited, Canada), or a vegetable oil such as vitamin E acetate, saponins, and *Onchocerca volvulus* activation-associated protein-1 (ASP-1) (see US 20060039921, which is incorporated by reference herein for all it discloses regarding ASP-1 adjuvants). However, components with adjuvant activity are widely known and, generally, any adjuvant may be utilized that does not adversely interfere with the efficacy or safety of the vaccine and/or immunogenic composition.

Vaccine and immunogenic compositions according to the various embodiments disclosed herein can be prepared and/or marketed in the form of a liquid, frozen suspension or in a lyophilized form. Typically, vaccines and/or immunogenic compositions prepared according to the present disclosure contain a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent customarily used for such compositions. Carriers include, but are not limited to, stabilizers, preservatives and buffers. Suitable stabilizers are, for example SPGA, Tween compositions (such as are available from A.G. Scientific, Inc., San Diego, Calif.), carbohydrates (such as sorbitol, mannitol, starch, sucrose, dextran, glutamate or glucose), proteins (such as dried milk serum, albumin or casein) or degradation products thereof. Non-limiting examples of suitable buffers include alkali metal phosphates. Suitable preservatives are thimerosal, merthiolate and gentamicin. Diluents include water, aqueous buffer (such as buffered saline), alcohols and polyols (such as glycerol).

Also disclosed herein are methods for inducing an immune response to an influenza virus using the disclosed fusion proteins. Generally, the vaccine or immunogenic composition may be administered subcutaneously, intradermally, submucosally, or intramuscularly in an effective amount to prevent infection from the influenza virus of interest and/or treat an infection from the influenza virus. An effective amount is defined as an amount of immunizing fusion protein that will induce immunity in the vaccinated animals, against challenge by a virulent virus. Immunity is defined herein as the induction of a significant higher level of protection in a population of the animal after vaccination compared to an unvaccinated group.

Further, in various formulations of the vaccines and/or immunogenic compositions, suitable excipients, stabilizers and the like may be added.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Construction and Expression of Recombinant HA Proteins of H5N1 Virus

Construction of recombinant plasmids encoding HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc. The genes encoding the fragment containing 320 amino acid (aa) (+3-322) of the HA1 fragment (SEQ ID NO. 2) of the H5N1 HA protein were amplified by PCR with a plasmid containing codon-optimized full-length HA (SEQ ID NO. 1) of influenza A H5N1 virus [A/Anhui/1/2005(H5N1), GenBank accession number ABD28180.1] as the template, and fused in frame into the pFUSE-hIgG1-Fc2 (human IgG Fc, hFc) expression vector (InvivoGen, San Diego, Calif.). The constructed recombinant plasmid was thus named pHA1-hFc. The Fd sequence were added at the 3' end by PCR using overlapping

primers covering Fd, followed by insertion into the above hFc expression vector, which was named pHA1-Fd-hFc. The plasmid coding HA-3-259-Fd-hFc (SEQ ID NO:33) was constructed by insertion of genes encoding the fragment containing residues +3-259 of the above HA1 fragment (SEQ ID NO. 2) of H5N1 HA protein plus the above Fd sequence into the above hFc expression vector. The constructed recombinant plasmids were confirmed by sequencing analysis. The aa sequences of the H5N1 HA proteins, Fd and hFc fragments are listed in the Table 1.

The HA protein of A/Anhui/1/2005(H5N1) virus contains fragments of the signal peptide (SP), HA1 (+1-329 aa) and HA2 (+330-551 aa) spanned by a specific sequence of protease cleavage site RERRRKR (SEQ ID NO:41) between HA1 and HA2. In the construction of the recombinant HA1-hFc plasmid, the original signal peptide of the HA protein of H5N1 virus was replaced by the IL2ss signal sequence (SEQ ID NO:5), which was followed by HA1 fragment of H5N1 (+3-322 aa) fused into the above hFc vector. The Fd sequence was inserted between HA1 and hFc, becoming HA1-Fd-hFc (SEQ ID NO:17). HA-3-259-Fd-hFc contains +3-259 aa of the above HA1 fragment of H5N1 plus the Fd sequence, fusing into the above hFc vector.

Expression, purification and characterization of recombinant HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins. The recombinant HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins were expressed as previously described (Du L et al. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun* 384, 486-490, 2009). In brief, recombinant plasmids encoding HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins were transfected into mammalian 293T cells (ATCC, Manassas, Va.) seeded 24 hr prior to transfection using the calcium phosphate method. Culture medium was replaced by fresh OPTI-MEM I Reduced-Serum Medium (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.) 10 hr later, and supernatant was collected 72 hr post-translation. The recombinant HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins in the supernatant were purified by Protein A affinity chromatography (GE Healthcare, Piscataway, N.J.). Conformational and characteristic analyses of HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins were performed by FPLC using AKTApurifier Core Systems and Unicorn 5.11 software according to manufacturer's protocols (GE Healthcare Life Sciences).

Detection of protein expression by SDS-PAGE and Western blot. The purified proteins were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot as our previously described protocols (Du L et al. *Virology*. 393, 144-150, 2009) using HA-specific monoclonal antibodies (mAbs). In brief, 10 µg of purified proteins was separated by 10-20% Tricine SDS-PAGE gels (Invitrogen) and transferred to nitrocellulose membranes (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Hercules, Calif.). After blocking overnight at 4° C., the blots were incubated with a HA-specific mAb at 1:1,000 dilution for 1 hr at room temperature. After three washes with PBS containing 0.1% Tween-20 (PBST), the blots were then incubated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1:5,000, Zymed, Carlsbad, Calif.) for 1 hr at room temperature. Signals were visualized with ECL Western blot substrate reagents and Amersham Hyperfilm (GE Healthcare).

As shown in FIG. 2, the recombinant HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins could be expressed at a very high level in the secreted form in the culture supernatant of transfected 293T cells and were purified with high purity (FIG. 2a). They were recognized by the conformation-specific mAb against HA protein of H5N1 viruses as detected by Western blot (FIG. 2b), indicating that these proteins are specific to HA of influenza A H5N1 virus, suggesting that these fusion

proteins maintained proper conformation and antigenicity of H5N1 viral protein HA. Further characterization of these proteins by FPLC analysis demonstrated that the majority of HA1 protein fused with Fc (HA1-hFc) mainly formed a trimer with a molecule size of ~440 kDa, while HA1 protein fused with Fd and Fc (HA1-Fd-hFc) mainly constituted an oligomeric structure with higher molecular weight at ~669 kDa (FIG. 3).

Example 2

Detection of Humoral Immune Responses Induced by Recombinant HA Fusion Proteins

Groups of female BALB/c mice, age 4-6 weeks, were vaccinated subcutaneously (s.c.) with 20 µg/mouse of purified HA fusion proteins re-suspended in PBS in the presence of Sigma Adjuvant System (SAS, Sigma) and boosted three times with 10 µg/mouse of immunogen containing SAS at approximate 3-week intervals. PBS plus SAS was used as the negative control. Serum samples were collected before immunization and 10 days post-each vaccination to detect the generation of HA- and/or H5N1 virus-specific IgG antibodies and subtypes using ELISA. The immunization scheme is described in Table 2 and FIG. 4.

Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISA) was used to evaluate IgG antibody responses and subtypes induced by HA proteins as previously described (Du L et al. *Vaccine* 25, 2832-2838, 2007; Du L et al. *Virology* 393:144-150, 2009). Briefly, 96-well microtiter plates were pre-coated respectively with the recombinant HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins, HA1 protein without Fd and hFc, and/or inactivated H5N1 virus A/VietNam/1194/2004 (VN/1194) overnight at 4° C. and blocked with 2% non-fat milk at 37° C. for 2 hr. Serially diluted mouse sera were added to the plates and incubated at 37° C. for 1 hr, followed by four washes with PBST. Bound antibodies were then reacted with HRP-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (Zymed), IgG1 (Invitrogen), and/or IgG2a (Bethyl Laboratories, Montgomery, Tex.) for 1 hr at 37° C. After four washes, the substrate 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) (Zymed) was added to the plates, and the reaction was stopped by adding 1 N H₂SO₄. The absorbance at 450 nm (A450) was measured by an ELISA plate reader (Tecan, San Jose, Calif.).

Antibody levels induced by HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins were detected by ELISA against HA fusion proteins. As shown in FIG. 5, both HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins induced IgG antibody responses specific to the purified HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins, quickly reaching a high level after the first boost vaccination, then slightly increasing antibody binding after each boost (sera were tested at a dilution of 1:3,000), while only background levels of antibody responses was detected in sera collected from prior immunization (pre-immune) and those from PBS control. An average end-point antibody titer of $1:2.1 \times 10^8$ was detected in mouse sera collected at 10 days post last boost (FIG. 6). The mean titer of the IgG antibodies in the sera, collected after the last boost, of the mice immunized with HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc reached $1:3.9 \times 10^7 \pm 2.2 \times 10^7$, $1:1.5 \times 10^8 \pm 8.6 \times 10^7$, and $1:2.1 \times 10^5$, respectively (FIG. 7). The data in FIGS. 5-7 are expressed as Mean ± Standard Deviation (SD).

Antibody levels were further detected by ELISA against a HA1 protein without Fd and hFc to eliminate the antibody response potentially induced by the fusion tag Fd and/or hFc and, in addition against an inactivated heterologous H5N1

virus (VN/1194). As illustrated in FIG. 8, sera of mice vaccinated with these HA fusion proteins, particularly HA1-Fd-hFc, reacted strongly with HA1 proteins without Fd and/or Fc, reaching an end-point titer of $1:1.3 \times 10^7$, which suggests the high specificity of the antibody responses to the HA1 protein. It was further shown that the induced IgG antibodies could also react with an inactivated H5N1 virus (VN/1194), reaching a similar end-point titer of $1:1.3 \times 10^7$ (FIG. 9). However, no IgG antibody response was detectable in the sera of control mice injected with PBS (FIGS. 8 and 9).

The evaluation of IgG subtypes induced by HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins showed that IgG1 and IgG2a were detectable in the mouse sera collected at 10 days post last vaccination. Both HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins elicited similar levels of IgG1 (Th2-associated, FIG. 10) and IgG2a (Th1-associated, FIG. 11) antibody responses specific to the HA1 proteins, reaching an end-point titer of $1:2.1 \times 10^8$. FIG. 12 further demonstrated that the IgG2a antibody titer was significantly higher than IgG1 ($P < 0.05$), suggesting that both HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc fusion proteins have a tendency to stimulate Th1-associated antibody responses. However, no IgG1 or IgG2a antibody responses were found in sera of PBS control mice (FIGS. 10-12).

The above data suggest that expressed HA1-hFc, HA1-Fd-hFc and HA-3-259-Fd-hFc proteins are able to elicit high titers of antibody responses specific to the HA1 proteins of homogeneous and/or heterogeneous H5N1 viruses, implying their strong immunogenicity in stimulating highly potent humoral immune responses in the vaccinated mice. The data in FIGS. 8-12 are expressed as Mean \pm SD.

TABLE 2

Immunization scheme of recombinant HA fusion proteins for detection of antibody responses*				
Group	1 st immunization (Day 0)	Boost 1 (Day 21)	Boost 2 (Day 42)	Boost 3 (Day 63)
12A (N = 3)	20 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +
4 doses HA1-hFc	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS
12B (N = 5)	20 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +
4 doses HA1-Fd-hFc	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS
12C (N = 5)	20 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +
4 doses HA336-89Fd-Fc	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS
12D (N = 3)	20 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +
4 doses HA2-89Fc	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS
12E (N = 4)	20 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +
4 doses HA2-89Fd-Fc	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS
19C (N = 5)	20 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +	10 μ g protein in PBS +
4 doses HA-3-259-Fd-hFc	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS	100 μ L SAS

*All immunizations were in 200 μ L total volume; SAS = Sigma Adjuvant System (Sigma). Blood samples were collected on day 0 (pre-immune) and 10 days after each boost for detection of antibody responses.

Example 3

Detection of Neutralizing Antibody Activity Induced by Recombinant HA Fusion Proteins Using H5N1 Pseudovirus Neutralization Assay

The fusion proteins HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc were then evaluated for generation of neutralizing antibodies against highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) H5N1 viruses based on a pseudotype neutralization assay. Sera were collected at pre-immunization and 10 days after each vaccination. Sera collected from Group12A (HA1-hFc),

Group12B (HA1-Fd-hFc) and Group19C (HA-3-259-Fd-hFc) were tested for generation of neutralizing antibody activity against H5N1 pseudovirus expressing HAs of five isolates covering four clades, including the homologous strain A/Anhui/1/2005 (AH-HA, clade 2.3), and heterologous strains, such as A/Hong Kong/156/97 (HK-HA, clade 0), A/VietNam/1194/2004 (1194-HA, clade 1), A/Qinghai/59/05 (QH-HA, clade 2.2) and A/Xinjiang/1/2006 (XJ-HA, clade 2.2).

H5N1 pseudovirus production. The generation of H5N1 pseudovirus was done as previously described (Du L et al. *Virology*. 393:144-150, 2009; Du L et al. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun* 384:486-490, 2009; Du L et al. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun* 397:580-585, 2010) with some modifications. In brief, 293T cells were co-transfected with a plasmid encoding the HA of influenza A virus H5N1 isolates HK, 1194, QH, XJ, and AH, and a plasmid encoding the Env-defective, luciferase-expressing HIV-1 genome (pNL4-3.luc.RE) using the calcium phosphate method. The medium, Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium (DMEM) containing 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS), was changed 10 hr later and neuraminidase (NA) (Sigma) was added to the culture medium 26 and 50 hr post-transfection at concentrations of 0.5-5 μ g/ml. Supernatants were harvested 72 hr post-transfection and used for single-cycle infection of 293T cells.

Neutralizing antibody activity detected by H5N1 pseudovirus. In the detection of neutralizing activity of vaccinated mouse sera, all serum samples were heat-inactivated at 56° C. for 30 min and diluted in serial dilutions. An equal volume of samples and H5N1 pseudovirus were added

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to each well and incubated for 1 hr at 37° C. Then 100 μ L of this mixture was added to each well of a 96-well tissue culture plate plated with 293T cells 6-8 hr previously. Twenty-four hours later, 80 μ L/well of fresh DMEM containing 10% FBS was added to the wells and luciferase activity was detected 72 hr later. Cells were lysed using cell lysis buffer (Promega, Madison, Wis.). After addition of luciferase substrate (Promega), relative luciferase activity was determined in Ultra 384 luminometer (Tecan). The 50% neutralizing antibody titer (NT₅₀) was calculated using Calculusyn program (Chou, T. C. *Pharmacol Rev* 58:621-681, 2006).

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The experimental results for the detection of neutralizing activity against H5N1 pseudovirus showed that these fusion proteins were able to induce highly potent specific IgG antibodies with neutralizing activity against H5N1 pseudovirus. Starting from 10 days post 1st boost vaccination, neutralizing antibodies were detected in mouse sera vaccinated with both HA1-hFc (FIG. 13) and HA1-Fd-hFc (FIG. 14). No, or low (NT₅₀≤1:50), levels of neutralizing antibodies were detected in pre-vaccinated mouse sera (FIGS. 13 and 14). Serum levels of these neutralizing antibodies increased rapidly at each time post-boost vaccination, reaching the highest level at 10 days post last vaccination (FIG. 15). The data in FIGS. 13-15 are expressed as Mean±SD.

The above induced high titers of neutralizing antibodies could not only neutralize homologous strain of AH-HA (FIG. 15), but also neutralized heterologous HK-HA, 1194-HA, XJ-HA, and even QH-HA strains (FIGS. 13, 14, and 16), suggesting their potential ability in inducing cross-protection against divergent H5N1. In general, both proteins fused with Fc of hIgG1 (HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc) could induce potent neutralizing antibodies against H5N1 pseudovirus infection in 293T cells (FIGS. 14-16, Table 3), suggesting that IgG Fc may play a key role in the formation of oligomer structures of HA proteins and the enhancement of the immunogenicity of the fusion proteins. In addition, the HA1-Fd-hFc fusion protein with Fd sequences could induce higher titers of pseudovirus neutralizing antibodies than HA1-hFc protein without Fd, showing a significantly higher level of inhibition against infection by 1194-HA, QH-HA, XJ-HA and AH-HA H5N1 pseudoviruses (FIG. 16, P<0.05). The induction of high titers of neutralizing antibodies against infections of HK-HA, 1194-HA, and AH-HA H5N1 pseudoviruses were also detected in the sera of mice collected at 10 days post last vaccination of HA-3-259-Fd-hFc protein (FIG. 17), furthering confirming the importance of Fd sequences in the induction of highly potent neutralizing antibodies against divergent strains of H5N1 pseudoviruses. The Fd sequences may be helpful to form trimer structures of HA proteins, thus increasing neutralizing ability. The above results also suggest that in addition to the HA1 fragment containing residues +3-322, a shorter HA1 fragment of H5N1 covering residues +3-259 contains important neutralizing epitopes that induce highly potent neutralizing antibodies against multiple strains of H5N1 viruses. In contrast, the PBS control group only elicited a background level of neutralizing antibody titers against the tested H5N1 pseudoviruses (FIG. 16). The data in FIGS. 16 and 17 are expressed as Mean±SD.

TABLE 3

Influenza A virus H5N1 strain	Pseudovirus neutralizing antibody titer (NT ₅₀) in sera of mice vaccinated with HA fusion proteins*	
	NT ₅₀ of sera of mice vaccinated with	
	HA1-hFc	HA1-Fd-hFc
HK-HA	3,323 ± 1,677	3,353 ± 1,476
1194-HA	443 ± 300	5,341 ± 1,475
XJ-HA	126 ± 119	6,963 ± 5,270
QH-HA	50 ± 3	350 ± 254
AH-HA	4,024 ± 996	38,177 ± 14,896

*Samples were from sera of mice collected at 10 days post last vaccination. The data are expressed as Mean ± SD of three to five mouse sera per group.

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Example 4

Detection of Neutralizing Antibody Activity and Inhibition Induced by Recombinant HA Fusion Proteins Using H5N1 Live Virus Neutralization Assay and Hemagglutination Inhibition Assay

The fusion proteins HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc were further evaluated for generation of neutralizing antibodies against highly pathogenic H5N1 viruses based on a live virus neutralization assay and hemagglutinin inhibition. Sera collected from Group12A (HA1-hFc) and Group12B (HA1-Fd-hFc) at 10 days post last vaccination were applied for detection of neutralizing antibody activity against H5N1 live viruses.

H5N1 virus neutralization assay. Titers of neutralizing antibodies of vaccinated mice were further detected by live neutralization assay. In brief, serial two-fold diluted mouse sera were mixed with 20 plaque forming units (PFU) of clade 0: A/Hong Kong/156/97 (HK/156), clade 1: A/Viet-Nam/1194/2004 (VN/1194) and clade 2.3.4: A/Shenzhen/406H/06 (SZ/406H) (H5N1) and incubated at 37° C. for 1 hr before adding to Madin-Darby canine kidney (MDCK) cells. Medium was replaced with fresh DMEM 1 hr later, and cell culture was continued for 72 hr at 37° C. The viral cytopathic effect (CPE) was observed daily and recorded on day 3 post-infection. The neutralizing antibody titer was determined based on the highest dilution of each serum, which completely suppressed CPE induced by the virus in >50% of the wells.

The hemagglutination inhibition (HI) assay. This assay was carried out as follows. In brief, serial dilutions of mouse sera at 10 days post last vaccination were incubated with equal volumes of HK/156, VN/1194 and/or SZ/406H H5N1 virus, for 1 hr at room temperature, followed by addition of equal volumes of 0.5% chicken red blood cells for 30 min at room temperature. The HI antibody titers were expressed as the highest serum dilution that completely inhibited hemagglutinating activity.

The experimental results for the detection of neutralizing activity against H5N1 live virus showed that the induced antibodies could neutralize infections of at least three heterologous strains covering three clades of H5N1 live viruses, such as HK/156 (clade 0), VN/1194 (clade 1) and SZ/406H (clade 2.3.4) (FIG. 18). In addition, the antibodies were able to inhibit the hemagglutination of these three H5N1 live viruses, with the average HI titer≥1:1.0×10³ (FIG. 19). Notably, the neutralizing antibodies induced by HA1-Fd-hFc were generally greater than those induced by HA1-hFc. In contrast, the PBS control group only elicited a background level of neutralizing and HI antibody titers in the tested H5N1 live viruses (FIGS. 18 and 19). The data in FIGS. 18 and 19 are expressed as Mean±SD.

Example 5

H5N1 Virus Challenge and Cross-Protection Evaluation Induced by Recombinant HA Fusion Proteins Against Divergent Strains of H5N1 Virus

The fusion proteins HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc were then evaluated for inducing cross-protective immunity against highly pathogenic H5N1 viruses by observation of the survival rate of animals after H5N1 virus challenge, and detection of the viral load and histopathological changes in lung tissues collected from the mice at day 5 post-virus challenge.

H5N1 live virus challenge and sample collection. BALB/c female mice, 6-8 weeks old, were kept in biosafety level-3 (BSL-3) housing and given access to standard pellet feed and water ad libitum. All experimental protocols followed the standard operating procedures of the approved BSL-3 animal facilities and were approved by the Animal Ethics Committee. Mice (45 mice/group) were subcutaneously (s.c.) primed-vaccinated with 20 µg/mouse of purified HA1-hFc or HA1-Fd-hFc resuspended in PBS in the presence of SAS and boosted twice with 10 µg/mouse of immunogen containing SAS at 3-week intervals. Control mice were s.c. injected with the same volume of PBS-SAS. Mice were challenged intranasally (i.n.) with 10 LD₅₀ (50% Lethal Dose) of one of three clades of H5N1 virus, i.e., clade 0: HK/156, clade 1: VN/1194, and clade 2.3.4: SZ/406H, respectively (15 mice/group), at 10-12 days after the last vaccination. Infected mice were observed daily for 21 days or until the death of the mice for the survival rate detection. Five mice/group were sacrificed on day 5 post-challenge, and lung samples were collected for virological and histopathological detection. The immunization and virus challenge scheme is described in Table 4 and FIG. 4.

TABLE 4

Immunization scheme of recombinant HA fusion proteins for detection of cross-protective immunity						
Group	Vaccine Dosage	Virus challenge 10-12 days post last vaccine			Lung tissues 5 days post-challenge	Observe two weeks post-challenge
1A (N = 45)	Vaccine as Table 2	A/Hong Kong/156/97 (15 mice)	A/Vietnam/1194/04 (15 mice)	A/Shenzhen/406H/06 (15 mice)	5 mice/group for viral load and histopathology analysis	10 mice/group for survival rate
3 doses HA1-hFc	3 doses					
1B (N = 45)	Vaccine as Table 2	A/Hong Kong/156/97 (15 mice)	A/Vietnam/1194/04 (15 mice)	A/Shenzhen/406H/06 (15 mice)	10 mice/group for survival rate	10 mice/group for survival rate
3 doses HA1-Fd-hFc	3 doses					
1C (N = 45)	Vaccine as Table 2	A/Hong Kong/156/97 (15 mice)	A/Vietnam/1194/04 (15 mice)	A/Shenzhen/406H/06 (15 mice)		10 mice/group for survival rate
3 doses PBS	3 doses					

Virological tests. Viral RNA in lung tissues was quantified by Q-RT-PCR as previously described (Zheng B J et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 105:8091-8096. 2008). In brief, total RNA in lysed lung tissues was extracted by using RNeasy Mini kit (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.) and reverse transcribed to cDNA by using applied SuperScript II Reverse Transcriptase (Invitrogen). Viral cDNA was synthesized by Superscript RT II (Invitrogen) using Uni12 primer (AGCAAAAGC; SEQ ID NO:42). Real-time PCR was performed on the LightCycler 480 system (Roche Applied Sciences) using SYBR Green I Master (Roche) with gene-specific primer pairs (for HK/156, forward primer: 5'-TGTC AAGAAAGGA-GACTCAGC-3' [SEQ ID NO:43], reverse primer: 5'-AC-CATCTACCATTCCCTGC-3' [SEQ ID NO:44]; for VN/1194, forward primer: 5'-ATACACCCTCTCAC-CATCGG-3' [SEQ ID NO:45], reverse primer: 5'-ACCATC-TACCATTCCCTGCC-3' [SEQ ID NO:46]; for SZ/406H, forward primer: 5'-ATACACCCTCTCACCATCGG-3' [SEQ ID NO:47], reverse primer: 5'-ACCATCTACCATTCCCTGC-3' [SEQ ID NO:48]) targeting the H1 gene of different strains of H5N1 virus. The pcDNA3.1 plasmid, which contains the cloned H1 gene of the virus, was used as the standard.

Histopathological analysis. The lung tissues of challenged mice were immediately fixed in 10% buffered formalin and

embedded in paraffin wax. Sections 4-6 µm in thickness were made and mounted on slides. Histopathological changes caused by H5N1 virus infection were examined by H&E staining and viewed under a light microscope as previously described (Du L et al. J Immunol 180:948-956. 2008; Zheng B J et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 105:8091-8096. 2008).

The experimental results for the evaluation of cross-protection induced by recombinant HA fusion proteins against H5N1 live virus showed that all vaccinated mice survived challenge with HK/156 (clade 0, FIG. 20) and SZ/406H (clade 2.3.4, FIG. 22), suggesting that these two proteins may completely protect mice against challenges with different clades of H5N1 virus. All mice vaccinated with HA1-Fd-hFc also survived challenge with VN/1194 (clade 1), whereas about 10% of HA1-hFc-vaccinated mice did not survive challenge with this virus (FIG. 21). In contrast, no control mice injected with PBS survived the challenge with HK/156, VN/1194 and SZ/406H H5N1 viruses (FIGS. 20-22). These results demonstrated that vaccination with these fusion proteins, particularly HA1-Fd-

hFc, could provide cross-clade protection against divergent strains of H5N1 virus infection.

The experimental results for the evaluation of cross-protection induced by recombinant HA fusion proteins against H5N1 live virus also demonstrated that viral RNA was undetectable in the HA1-hFc- and HA1-Fd-hFc-vaccinated mice challenged with VN/1194 virus, but a high level of viral RNA (8.6×10^8 copies) was detected in the control mice injected with PBS. Lung tissues of mice vaccinated with HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc also exhibited significantly lower levels of viral RNA than the PBS control group after challenge with HK/156 and SZ/406H virus, respectively ($P < 0.05$) (FIG. 23). The data in FIG. 23 are expressed as Mean \pm SD.

Examination of the H&E-stained lung tissues from virus-challenged mice revealed that all of the control mice injected with PBS developed a high degree of histopathological damage, including serious interstitial pneumonia and significant inflammation, which were characterized by predominant lymphocyte infiltration, epithelial cell degeneration, broadened interstitial spaces, pulmonary vascular dilatation and congestion, and focal hemorrhage and exudation. In contrast, mice receiving HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc vaccination neither developed significant pulmonary

injury nor severe inflammation after challenge with all three H5N1 viruses covering different clades, showing lung structures similar to those of normal mice (FIG. 24). These results suggest that the immunity induced by the recombinant HA fusion proteins is able to highly suppress virus replication in vaccinated mouse lungs, indicating that vaccinations of HA1-hFc and HA1-Fd-hFc proteins reduced virus replication and limited lung damage in the mice infected by divergent strains of H5N1 virus.

The above results indicate the potential of the above tested candidate influenza vaccine in developing into a universal flu vaccine against divergent influenza viruses, suggesting its ability in prevention of future flu outbreak.

Unless otherwise indicated, all numbers expressing quantities of ingredients, properties such as molecular weight, reaction conditions, and so forth used in the specification and claims are to be understood as being modified in all instances by the term "about." Accordingly, unless indicated to the contrary, the numerical parameters set forth in the specification and attached claims are approximations that may vary depending upon the desired properties sought to be obtained by the present invention. At the very least, and not as an attempt to limit the application of the doctrine of equivalents to the scope of the claims, each numerical parameter should at least be construed in light of the number of reported significant digits and by applying ordinary rounding techniques. Notwithstanding that the numerical ranges and parameters setting forth the broad scope of the invention are approximations, the numerical values set forth in the specific examples are reported as precisely as possible. Any numerical value, however, inherently contains certain errors necessarily resulting from the standard deviation found in their respective testing measurements.

The terms "a," "an," "the" and similar referents used in the context of describing the invention (especially in the context of the following claims) are to be construed to cover both the singular and the plural, unless otherwise indicated herein or clearly contradicted by context. Recitation of ranges of values herein is merely intended to serve as a shorthand method of referring individually to each separate value falling within the range. Unless otherwise indicated herein, each individual value is incorporated into the specification as if it were individually recited herein. All methods described herein can be performed in any suitable order unless otherwise indicated herein or otherwise clearly contradicted by context. The use of any and all examples, or exemplary language (e.g., "such as") provided herein is intended merely to better illuminate the invention and does not pose a limitation on the scope of the invention otherwise claimed. No language in the specification should be construed as indicating any non-claimed element essential to the practice of the invention.

Groupings of alternative elements or embodiments of the invention disclosed herein are not to be construed as limitations. Each group member may be referred to and claimed individually or in any combination with other members of the group or other elements found herein. It is anticipated that one or more members of a group may be included in, or deleted from, a group for reasons of convenience and/or patentability. When any such inclusion or deletion occurs, the specification is deemed to contain the group as modified thus fulfilling the written description of all Markush groups used in the appended claims.

Certain embodiments of this invention are described herein, including the best mode known to the inventors for carrying out the invention. Of course, variations on these described embodiments will become apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art upon reading the foregoing description. The inventor expects skilled artisans to employ such variations as appropriate, and the inventors intend for the invention to be practiced otherwise than specifically described herein. Accordingly, this invention includes all modifications and equivalents of the subject matter recited in the claims appended hereto as permitted by applicable law. Moreover, any combination of the above-described elements in all possible variations thereof is encompassed by the invention unless otherwise indicated herein or otherwise clearly contradicted by context.

Specific embodiments disclosed herein may be further limited in the claims using consisting of or consisting essentially of language. When used in the claims, whether as filed or added per amendment, the transition term "consisting of" excludes any element, step, or ingredient not specified in the claims. The transition term "consisting essentially of" limits the scope of a claim to the specified materials or steps and those that do not materially affect the basic and novel characteristic(s). Embodiments of the invention so claimed are inherently or expressly described and enabled herein.

Furthermore, numerous references have been made to patents and printed publications throughout this specification. Each of the above-cited references and printed publications are individually incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

In closing, it is to be understood that the embodiments of the invention disclosed herein are illustrative of the principles of the present invention. Other modifications that may be employed are within the scope of the invention. Thus, by way of example, but not of limitation, alternative configurations of the present invention may be utilized in accordance with the teachings herein. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to that precisely as shown and described.

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 <213> ORGANISM: Influenza virus

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15

Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro
 20 25 30

Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys
 35 40 45

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Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn
 50 55 60

Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala
 65 70 75 80

Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val
 85 90 95

Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg
 100 105 110

Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile
 115 120 125

Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile
 130 135 140

Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys Lys
 145 150 155

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Interleukin 2 signal sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

Met Tyr Arg Met Gln Leu Leu Ser Cys Ile Ala Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu
 1 5 10 15

Val Thr Asn Ser
 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
 <211> LENGTH: 27
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Bacteriophage T4

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys
 1 5 10 15

Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu
 20 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 7
 <211> LENGTH: 229
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu
 1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr
 20 25 30

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val
 35 40 45

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val
 50 55 60

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser
 65 70 75 80

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu
 85 90 95

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala
 100 105 110

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Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro
 115 120 125

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln
 130 135 140

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala
 145 150 155 160

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr
 165 170 175

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu
 180 185 190

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser
 195 200 205

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser
 210 215 220

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 8
 <211> LENGTH: 594
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-Fd fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

Met Glu Lys Ile Val Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Val Ser Leu Val Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15

Asp Gln Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val
 20 25 30

Asp Thr Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile
 35 40 45

Leu Glu Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys
 50 55 60

Pro Leu Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn
 65 70 75 80

Pro Met Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val
 85 90 95

Glu Lys Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn
 100 105 110

Asp Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu
 115 120 125

Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser
 130 135 140

Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe
 145 150 155 160

Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile
 165 170 175

Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp
 180 185 190

Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln
 195 200 205

Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg
 210 215 220

Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240

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Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn
      245                               250                255

Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile
      260                               265                270

Val Lys Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly
      275                               280                285

Asn Cys Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser
      290                               295                300

Met Pro Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys
305                               310                315                320

Tyr Val Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser
      325                               330                335

Pro Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Lys Arg Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala
      340                               345                350

Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly Met Val Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly
      355                               360                365

Tyr His His Ser Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu
370                               375                380

Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Gly Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ile
385                               390                395                400

Ile Asp Lys Met Asn Thr Gln Phe Glu Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Phe Asn
      405                               410                415

Asn Leu Glu Arg Arg Ile Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Met Glu Asp Gly
      420                               425                430

Phe Leu Asp Val Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Met Glu
435                               440                445

Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr
450                               455                460

Asp Lys Val Arg Leu Gln Leu Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Asn
465                               470                475                480

Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser
      485                               490                495

Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Gln Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ala Arg
      500                               505                510

Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Ile Gly Thr
      515                               520                525

Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Leu
530                               535                540

Ala Ile Met Val Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser
545                               550                555                560

Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp
      565                               570                575

Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr
      580                               585                590

Phe Leu

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<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 347
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1-Fd fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

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Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
1      5      10      15
Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
20      25      30
Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
35      40      45
Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
50      55      60
Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
65      70      75      80
Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
85      90      95
Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile
100     105     110
Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly
115     120     125
Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn
130     135     140
Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg
145     150     155     160
Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile
165     170     175
His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro
180     185     190
Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
195     200     205
Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
210     215     220
Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
225     230     235     240
Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
245     250     255
Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly Asn Cys
260     265     270
Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser Met Pro
275     280     285
Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys Tyr Val
290     295     300
Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Leu
305     310     315     320
Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys
325     330     335
Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu
340     345

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 249
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA2-Fd fusion protein

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<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly
1      5      10      15

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Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile
 130 135 140

Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu
 145 150 155 160

Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val
 165 170 175

Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu
 180

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 796
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

Met Glu Lys Ile Val Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Val Ser Leu Val Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15

Asp Gln Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val
 20 25 30

Asp Thr Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile
 35 40 45

Leu Glu Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys
 50 55 60

Pro Leu Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn
 65 70 75 80

Pro Met Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val
 85 90 95

Glu Lys Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn
 100 105 110

Asp Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu
 115 120 125

Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser
 130 135 140

Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe
 145 150 155 160

Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile
 165 170 175

Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp
 180 185 190

Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln
 195 200 205

Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg
 210 215 220

Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240

Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn
 245 250 255

Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile
 260 265 270

Val Lys Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly
 275 280 285

Asn Cys Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser
 290 295 300

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Met Pro Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Val Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser
 325 330 335
 Pro Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Lys Arg Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala
 340 345 350
 Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly Met Val Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly
 355 360 365
 Tyr His His Ser Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu
 370 375 380
 Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Gly Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ile
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Asp Lys Met Asn Thr Gln Phe Glu Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Phe Asn
 405 410 415
 Asn Leu Glu Arg Arg Ile Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Met Glu Asp Gly
 420 425 430
 Phe Leu Asp Val Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Met Glu
 435 440 445
 Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr
 450 455 460
 Asp Lys Val Arg Leu Gln Leu Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser
 485 490 495
 Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Gln Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ala Arg
 500 505 510
 Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Ile Gly Thr
 515 520 525
 Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Leu
 530 535 540
 Ala Ile Met Val Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro
 565 570 575
 Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe
 580 585 590
 Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val
 595 600 605
 Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe
 610 615 620
 Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro
 625 630 635 640
 Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr
 645 650 655
 Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val
 660 665 670
 Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala
 675 680 685
 Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg
 690 695 700
 Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly
 705 710 715 720
 Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

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725					730					735					
Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser
			740					745					750		
Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln
		755					760					765			
Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His
	770					775					780				
Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys				
785					790					795					

<210> SEQ ID NO 13

<211> LENGTH: 549

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

Ile	Cys	Ile	Gly	Tyr	His	Ala	Asn	Asn	Ser	Thr	Glu	Gln	Val	Asp	Thr
1				5					10					15	
Ile	Met	Glu	Lys	Asn	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	His	Ala	Gln	Asp	Ile	Leu	Glu
			20					25					30		
Lys	Thr	His	Asn	Gly	Lys	Leu	Cys	Asp	Leu	Asp	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu
		35					40					45			
Ile	Leu	Arg	Asp	Cys	Ser	Val	Ala	Gly	Trp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Pro	Met
	50					55					60				
Cys	Asp	Glu	Phe	Ile	Asn	Val	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Val	Glu	Lys
65					70					75					80
Ala	Asn	Pro	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Asn	Phe	Asn	Asp	Tyr
				85					90					95	
Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ile	Asn	His	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ile
			100					105					110		
Gln	Ile	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly
		115					120					125			
Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Cys	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Phe	Phe	Arg	Asn
	130					135					140				
Val	Val	Trp	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Ile	Lys	Arg
145					150					155					160
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Asn	Gln	Glu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Trp	Gly	Ile
				165					170					175	
His	His	Ser	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gln	Thr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Pro
			180					185					190		
Thr	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Arg	Leu	Val
		195					200					205			
Pro	Lys	Ile	Ala	Thr	Arg	Ser	Lys	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Asn	Gly	Arg	Met
	210					215					220				
Asp	Phe	Phe	Trp	Thr	Ile	Leu	Lys	Pro	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ile	Asn	Phe	Glu
225					230					235					240
Ser	Asn	Gly	Asn	Phe	Ile	Ala	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Val	Lys
				245					250					255	
Lys	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	Glu	Val	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Cys
			260					265					270		
Asn	Thr	Lys	Cys	Gln	Thr	Pro	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ser	Met	Pro
		275					280					285			
Phe	His	Asn	Ile	His	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Glu	Cys	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Val

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290	295	300			
Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Leu					
305	310	315			320
Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu					
	325	330			335
Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr					
	340	345			350
Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val					
	355	360			365
Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val					
	370	375			380
Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser					
385	390	395			400
Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu					
	405	410			415
Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala					
	420	425			430
Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro					
	435	440			445
Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln					
	450	455			460
Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala					
465	470	475			480
Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr					
	485	490			495
Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu					
	500	505			510
Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser					
	515	520			525
Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser					
	530	535			540
Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys					
545					

<210> SEQ ID NO 14
 <211> LENGTH: 451
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA2-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly					
1	5	10			15
Met Val Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Ser Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser					
	20	25			30
Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Gly Val					
	35	40			45
Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ile Ile Asp Lys Met Asn Thr Gln Phe Glu					
	50	55			60
Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Phe Asn Asn Leu Glu Arg Arg Ile Glu Asn Leu					
65	70	75			80
Asn Lys Lys Met Glu Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Val Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala					
	85	90			95
Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Met Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp					

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100				105				110							
Ser	Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Val	Arg	Leu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asp
	115						120					125			
Asn	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe	Tyr	His	Lys	Cys
	130					135						140			
Asp	Asn	Glu	Cys	Met	Glu	Ser	Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro
	145				150					155					160
Gln	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Leu	Lys	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Val
				165					170					175	
Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Thr
			180					185					190		
Val	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ile	Met	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ser	Leu
		195					200					205			
Trp	Met	Cys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gln	Cys	Arg	Ile	Cys	Ile	Arg	Ser
	210					215					220				
Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly
	225				230					235					240
Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met
				245					250					255	
Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His
			260					265				270			
Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val
		275					280					285			
His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly
				310						315					320
Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile
				325					330					335	
Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val
			340					345					350		
Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser
		355					360					365			
Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu
	370					375					380				
Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro
	385				390					395					400
Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val
				405					410					415	
Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met
			420					425				430			
His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser
		435					440					445			
Pro	Gly	Lys													
	450														

<210> SEQ ID NO 15
 <211> LENGTH: 384
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-RBD-hFc fusion protein

 <400> SEQUENCE: 15

Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser

-continued

1	5	10	15
Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro	20	25	30
Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys	35	40	45
Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn	50	55	60
Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala	65	70	80
Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val	85	90	95
Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg	100	105	110
Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile	115	120	125
Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile	130	135	140
Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys Lys Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr	145	150	155
His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser	165	170	175
Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg	180	185	190
Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro	195	200	205
Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala	210	215	220
Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val	225	230	235
Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr	245	250	255
Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr	260	265	270
Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu	275	280	285
Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys	290	295	300
Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser	305	310	315
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp	325	330	335
Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser	340	345	350
Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala	355	360	365
Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys	370	375	380

<210> SEQ ID NO 16

<211> LENGTH: 823

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-Fd-hFc fusion protein

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<400> SEQUENCE: 16

Met Glu Lys Ile Val Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Val Ser Leu Val Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Asp Gln Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val
 20 25 30
 Asp Thr Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile
 35 40 45
 Leu Glu Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys
 50 55 60
 Pro Leu Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Met Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val
 85 90 95
 Glu Lys Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn
 100 105 110
 Asp Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu
 115 120 125
 Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser
 130 135 140
 Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile
 165 170 175
 Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp
 180 185 190
 Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln
 195 200 205
 Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg
 210 215 220
 Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn
 245 250 255
 Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile
 260 265 270
 Val Lys Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly
 275 280 285
 Asn Cys Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser
 290 295 300
 Met Pro Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Val Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser
 325 330 335
 Pro Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Lys Arg Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala
 340 345 350
 Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly Met Val Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly
 355 360 365
 Tyr His His Ser Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu
 370 375 380
 Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Gly Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ile
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Asp Lys Met Asn Thr Gln Phe Glu Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Phe Asn
 405 410 415

-continued

Asn Leu Glu Arg Arg Ile Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Met Glu Asp Gly
 420 425 430
 Phe Leu Asp Val Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Met Glu
 435 440 445
 Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr
 450 455 460
 Asp Lys Val Arg Leu Gln Leu Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser
 485 490 495
 Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Gln Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ala Arg
 500 505 510
 Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Ile Gly Thr
 515 520 525
 Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Leu
 530 535 540
 Ala Ile Met Val Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp
 565 570 575
 Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr
 580 585 590
 Phe Leu Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro
 595 600 605
 Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys
 610 615 620
 Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val
 625 630 635 640
 Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp
 645 650 655
 Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr
 660 665 670
 Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp
 675 680 685
 Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu
 690 695 700
 Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg
 705 710 715 720
 Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys
 725 730 735
 Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp
 740 745 750
 Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys
 755 760 765
 Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser
 770 775 780
 Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser
 785 790 795 800
 Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser
 805 810 815
 Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
 820

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 576
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1-Fd-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
 20 25 30
 Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
 35 40 45
 Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
 50 55 60
 Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
 85 90 95
 Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile
 100 105 110
 Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly
 115 120 125
 Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn
 130 135 140
 Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile
 165 170 175
 His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro
 180 185 190
 Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
 195 200 205
 Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
 210 215 220
 Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255
 Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly Asn Cys
 260 265 270
 Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser Met Pro
 275 280 285
 Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys Tyr Val
 290 295 300
 Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys
 325 330 335
 Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr
 340 345 350
 His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser
 355 360 365

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Gln Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ala Arg Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val
 165 170 175
 Lys Leu Glu Ser Ile Gly Thr Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Tyr Ser Thr
 180 185 190
 Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Leu Ala Ile Met Val Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu
 195 200 205
 Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr
 210 215 220
 Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Asp Lys Thr His Thr
 245 250 255
 Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe
 260 265 270
 Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro
 275 280 285
 Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val
 290 295 300
 Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val
 325 330 335
 Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys
 340 345 350
 Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser
 355 360 365
 Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro
 370 375 380
 Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val
 385 390 395 400
 Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly
 405 410 415
 Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp
 420 425 430
 Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp
 435 440 445
 Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His
 450 455 460
 Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
 465 470 475

<210> SEQ ID NO 19
 <211> LENGTH: 411
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-RBD-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro
 20 25 30
 Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys
 35 40 45

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Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro
 20 25 30
 Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys
 35 40 45
 Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp
 50 55 60
 Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln
 85 90 95
 His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn
 100 105 110
 Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly
 115 120 125
 Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu
 130 135 140
 Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu
 165 170 175
 Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe
 180 185 190
 Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn
 195 200 205
 Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr
 210 215 220
 Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys
 225 230

<210> SEQ ID NO 21

<211> LENGTH: 828

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-Fd-mFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

Met Glu Lys Ile Val Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Val Ser Leu Val Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Asp Gln Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val
 20 25 30
 Asp Thr Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile
 35 40 45
 Leu Glu Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys
 50 55 60
 Pro Leu Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Met Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val
 85 90 95
 Glu Lys Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn
 100 105 110
 Asp Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu
 115 120 125
 Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser
 130 135 140

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Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile
 165 170 175
 Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp
 180 185 190
 Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln
 195 200 205
 Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg
 210 215 220
 Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn
 245 250 255
 Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile
 260 265 270
 Val Lys Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly
 275 280 285
 Asn Cys Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser
 290 295 300
 Met Pro Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Val Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser
 325 330 335
 Pro Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Lys Arg Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala
 340 345 350
 Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly Met Val Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly
 355 360 365
 Tyr His His Ser Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu
 370 375 380
 Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Gly Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ile
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Asp Lys Met Asn Thr Gln Phe Glu Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Phe Asn
 405 410 415
 Asn Leu Glu Arg Arg Ile Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Met Glu Asp Gly
 420 425 430
 Phe Leu Asp Val Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Met Glu
 435 440 445
 Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr
 450 455 460
 Asp Lys Val Arg Leu Gln Leu Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser
 485 490 495
 Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Gln Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ala Arg
 500 505 510
 Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Ile Gly Thr
 515 520 525
 Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Leu
 530 535 540
 Ala Ile Met Val Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser
 545 550 555 560

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Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp
 565 570 575
 Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr
 580 585 590
 Phe Leu Arg Ser Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys
 595 600 605
 Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe
 610 615 620
 Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val
 625 630 635 640
 Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile
 645 650 655
 Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr
 660 665 670
 His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro
 675 680 685
 Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val
 690 695 700
 Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro
 705 710 715 720
 Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu
 725 730 735
 Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp
 740 745 750
 Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr
 755 760 765
 Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser
 770 775 780
 Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His
 805 810 815
 His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys
 820 825

<210> SEQ ID NO 22

<211> LENGTH: 581

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1-Fd-mFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
 20 25 30
 Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
 35 40 45
 Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
 50 55 60
 Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
 85 90 95

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Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ile	Asn	His	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ile
			100					105					110		
Gln	Ile	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly
		115					120					125			
Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Cys	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Phe	Phe	Arg	Asn
	130					135					140				
Val	Val	Trp	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Ile	Lys	Arg
145					150					155					160
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Asn	Gln	Glu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Trp	Gly	Ile
				165					170					175	
His	His	Ser	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gln	Thr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Pro
			180					185					190		
Thr	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Arg	Leu	Val
		195					200					205			
Pro	Lys	Ile	Ala	Thr	Arg	Ser	Lys	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Asn	Gly	Arg	Met
	210					215					220				
Asp	Phe	Phe	Trp	Thr	Ile	Leu	Lys	Pro	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ile	Asn	Phe	Glu
225					230					235					240
Ser	Asn	Gly	Asn	Phe	Ile	Ala	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Val	Lys
				245					250					255	
Lys	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	Glu	Val	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Cys
			260					265					270		
Asn	Thr	Lys	Cys	Gln	Thr	Pro	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ser	Met	Pro
		275					280					285			
Phe	His	Asn	Ile	His	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Glu	Cys	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Val
	290					295					300				
Lys	Ser	Asn	Lys	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Thr	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser	Pro	Leu
305					310					315					320
Gly	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Glu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Val	Arg	Lys
			325						330					335	
Asp	Gly	Glu	Trp	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Thr	Phe	Leu	Arg	Ser	Pro	Arg	Gly
			340					345					350		
Pro	Thr	Ile	Lys	Pro	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Lys	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Asn	Leu
		355					360					365			
Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Ile	Lys	Asp	Val
	370					375					380				
Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Ile	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val
385					390					395					400
Ser	Glu	Asp	Asp	Pro	Asp	Val	Gln	Ile	Ser	Trp	Phe	Val	Asn	Asn	Val
				405					410					415	
Glu	Val	His	Thr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Gln	Thr	His	Arg	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Ser
			420					425					430		
Thr	Leu	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ile	Gln	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Met
		435					440					445			
Ser	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Asn	Asn	Lys	Asp	Leu	Pro	Ala
	450					455					460				
Pro	Ile	Glu	Arg	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Pro	Lys	Gly	Ser	Val	Arg	Ala	Pro
465					470					475					480
Gln	Val	Tyr	Val	Leu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Glu	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Lys	Gln
				485					490					495	
Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Cys	Met	Val	Thr	Asp	Phe	Met	Pro	Glu	Asp	Ile	Tyr
			500					505					510		
Val	Glu	Trp	Thr	Asn	Asn	Gly	Lys	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Thr

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515	520	525
Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu 530 535 540		
Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser 545 550 555 560		
Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser 565 570 575		
Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys 580		

<210> SEQ ID NO 23

<211> LENGTH: 483

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA2-Fd-mFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly 1 5 10 15		
Met Val Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Ser Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser 20 25 30		
Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Gly Val 35 40 45		
Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ile Ile Asp Lys Met Asn Thr Gln Phe Glu 50 55 60		
Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Phe Asn Asn Leu Glu Arg Arg Ile Glu Asn Leu 65 70 75 80		
Asn Lys Lys Met Glu Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Val Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala 85 90 95		
Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Met Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp 100 105 110		
Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Asp Lys Val Arg Leu Gln Leu Arg Asp 115 120 125		
Asn Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys 130 135 140		
Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro 145 150 155 160		
Gln Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ala Arg Leu Lys Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val 165 170 175		
Lys Leu Glu Ser Ile Gly Thr Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Tyr Ser Thr 180 185 190		
Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Leu Ala Ile Met Val Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu 195 200 205		
Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr 210 215 220		
Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly 225 230 235 240		
Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr 245 250 255		
Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly 260 265 270		
Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met 275 280 285		
Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu		

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290	295	300
Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val 305 310 315 320		
His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu 325 330 335		
Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly 340 345 350		
Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile 355 360 365		
Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val 370 375 380		
Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr 385 390 395 400		
Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu 405 410 415		
Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro 420 425 430		
Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val 435 440 445		
Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val 450 455 460		
His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr 465 470 475 480		
Pro Gly Lys		

<210> SEQ ID NO 24
 <211> LENGTH: 416
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-RBD-Fd-mFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser 1 5 10 15
Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro 20 25 30
Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys 35 40 45
Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn 50 55 60
Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala 65 70 75 80
Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val 85 90 95
Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg 100 105 110
Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile 115 120 125
Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile 130 135 140
Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu 145 150 155 160
Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val 165 170 175

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Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro
 180 185 190
 Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser
 195 200 205
 Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu
 210 215 220
 Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala
 245 250 255
 Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val
 260 265 270
 Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe
 275 280 285
 Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr
 290 295 300
 Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys
 325 330 335
 Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn
 340 345 350
 Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp
 355 360 365
 Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys
 370 375 380
 Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys
 405 410 415

<210> SEQ ID NO 25

<211> LENGTH: 225

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Oryctolagus cuniculus

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

Arg Ser Ser Lys Pro Thr Cys Pro Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser
 20 25 30
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Gln Asp Asp
 35 40 45
 Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asn Asn Glu Gln Val Arg Thr
 50 55 60
 Ala Arg Pro Pro Leu Arg Glu Gln Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Ile Arg Val
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ser Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala His Gln Asp Trp Leu Arg Gly Lys Glu
 85 90 95
 Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys
 100 105 110
 Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Arg Gly Gln Pro Leu Glu Pro Lys Val Tyr Thr
 115 120 125
 Met Gly Pro Pro Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Val Ser Leu Thr

-continued

130	135	140			
Cys Met Ile Asn Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ser Val Glu Trp Glu					
145	150	155			160
Lys Asn Gly Lys Ala Glu Asp Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Ala Val Leu					
	165	170			175
Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Ser Val Pro Thr					
	180	185			190
Ser Glu Trp Gln Arg Gly Asp Val Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Met His Glu					
	195	200			205
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly					
	210	215			220
Lys					
225					

<210> SEQ ID NO 26
 <211> LENGTH: 819
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-Fd-rFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Met Glu Lys Ile Val Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Val Ser Leu Val Lys Ser					
1	5	10			15
Asp Gln Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val					
	20	25			30
Asp Thr Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile					
	35	40			45
Leu Glu Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys					
	50	55			60
Pro Leu Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn					
	65	70			80
Pro Met Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val					
	85	90			95
Glu Lys Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn					
	100	105			110
Asp Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu					
	115	120			125
Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser					
	130	135			140
Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe					
	145	150			160
Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile					
	165	170			175
Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp					
	180	185			190
Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln					
	195	200			205
Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg					
	210	215			220
Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly					
	225	230			240
Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn					
	245	250			255
Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile					

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260				265				270							
Val	Lys	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	Glu	Val	Glu	Tyr	Gly
		275					280						285		
Asn	Cys	Asn	Thr	Lys	Cys	Gln	Thr	Pro	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ser
	290					295					300				
Met	Pro	Phe	His	Asn	Ile	His	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Glu	Cys	Pro	Lys
	305				310					315					320
Tyr	Val	Lys	Ser	Asn	Lys	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Thr	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser
				325					330					335	
Pro	Leu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Arg	Arg	Lys	Arg	Gly	Leu	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala
			340						345				350		
Gly	Phe	Ile	Glu	Gly	Gly	Trp	Gln	Gly	Met	Val	Asp	Gly	Trp	Tyr	Gly
		355					360					365			
Tyr	His	His	Ser	Asn	Glu	Gln	Gly	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu
	370					375					380				
Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Val	Thr	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn	Ser	Ile
	385				390					395					400
Ile	Asp	Lys	Met	Asn	Thr	Gln	Phe	Glu	Ala	Val	Gly	Arg	Glu	Phe	Asn
			405						410					415	
Asn	Leu	Glu	Arg	Arg	Ile	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Met	Glu	Asp	Gly
			420						425				430		
Phe	Leu	Asp	Val	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Met	Glu
		435					440					445			
Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	Asp	Phe	His	Asp	Ser	Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr
	450					455					460				
Asp	Lys	Val	Arg	Leu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asn
	465				470					475					480
Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe	Tyr	His	Lys	Cys	Asp	Asn	Glu	Cys	Met	Glu	Ser
			485						490					495	
Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ala	Arg
			500						505				510		
Leu	Lys	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Val	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Gly	Thr
		515					520						525		
Tyr	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Val	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu
	530					535					540				
Ala	Ile	Met	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Met	Cys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Ser
	545				550					555					560
Leu	Gln	Cys	Arg	Ile	Cys	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Glu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Asp
			565						570					575	
Gly	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Val	Arg	Lys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Trp	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Thr
			580						585				590		
Phe	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ser	Lys	Pro	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly
		595					600					605			
Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met
	610					615					620				
Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln
	625				630					635					640
Asp	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Thr	Trp	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val
			645						650					655	
Arg	Thr	Ala	Arg	Pro	Pro	Leu	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Ile
			660						665				670		
Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ile	Ala	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Arg	Gly
			675				680								685

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Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile
690 695 700

Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Arg Gly Gln Pro Leu Glu Pro Lys Val
705 710 715 720

Tyr Thr Met Gly Pro Pro Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Val Ser
725 730 735

Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Asn Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ser Val Glu
740 745 750

Trp Glu Lys Asn Gly Lys Ala Glu Asp Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Ala
755 760 765

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Ser Val
770 775 780

Pro Thr Ser Glu Trp Gln Arg Gly Asp Val Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Met
785 790 795 800

His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser
805 810 815

Pro Gly Lys

<210> SEQ ID NO 27

<211> LENGTH: 572

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1-Fd-rFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
1 5 10 15

Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
20 25 30

Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
35 40 45

Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
50 55 60

Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
65 70 75 80

Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
85 90 95

Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile
100 105 110

Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly
115 120 125

Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn
130 135 140

Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg
145 150 155 160

Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile
165 170 175

His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro
180 185 190

Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
195 200 205

Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
210 215 220

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Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
225                230                235                240

Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
                245                250                255

Lys Gly Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Tyr Gly Asn Cys
                260                265                270

Asn Thr Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Ile Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser Met Pro
                275                280                285

Phe His Asn Ile His Pro Leu Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Pro Lys Tyr Val
                290                295                300

Lys Ser Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Leu
305                310                315                320

Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys
                325                330                335

Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Ser Lys Pro
                340                345                350

Thr Cys Pro Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe
                355                360                365

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val
                370                375                380

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe
385                390                395                400

Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asn Asn Glu Gln Val Arg Thr Ala Arg Pro Pro Leu
                405                410                415

Arg Glu Gln Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Ile Arg Val Val Ser Thr Leu Pro
                420                425                430

Ile Ala His Gln Asp Trp Leu Arg Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val
                435                440                445

His Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala
                450                455                460

Arg Gly Gln Pro Leu Glu Pro Lys Val Tyr Thr Met Gly Pro Pro Arg
465                470                475                480

Glu Glu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Asn Gly
                485                490                495

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ser Val Glu Trp Glu Lys Asn Gly Lys Ala
                500                505                510

Glu Asp Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Ala Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser
515                520                525

Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Ser Val Pro Thr Ser Glu Trp Gln Arg
                530                535                540

Gly Asp Val Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His
545                550                555                560

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys
                565                570

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<210> SEQ ID NO 28

<211> LENGTH: 474

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA2-Fd-rFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

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Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Gln Gly
1                5                10                15

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Met	Val	Asp	Gly	Trp	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	His	His	Ser	Asn	Glu	Gln	Gly	Ser
			20					25					30		
Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Val
		35					40					45			
Thr	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ile	Asp	Lys	Met	Asn	Thr	Gln	Phe	Glu
	50					55					60				
Ala	Val	Gly	Arg	Glu	Phe	Asn	Asn	Leu	Glu	Arg	Arg	Ile	Glu	Asn	Leu
	65				70					75					80
Asn	Lys	Lys	Met	Glu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Leu	Asp	Val	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ala
				85					90					95	
Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Met	Glu	Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	Asp	Phe	His	Asp
			100					105					110		
Ser	Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Val	Arg	Leu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asp
		115					120					125			
Asn	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe	Tyr	His	Lys	Cys
	130					135					140				
Asp	Asn	Glu	Cys	Met	Glu	Ser	Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro
	145				150					155					160
Gln	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Leu	Lys	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Val
				165					170					175	
Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Thr
			180					185					190		
Val	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ile	Met	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ser	Leu
		195					200					205			
Trp	Met	Cys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gln	Cys	Arg	Ile	Cys	Ile	Gly	Tyr
	210					215					220				
Ile	Pro	Glu	Ala	Pro	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Val	Arg	Lys	Asp	Gly
	225				230					235					240
Glu	Trp	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Thr	Phe	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ser	Lys	Pro	Thr	Cys
				245					250					255	
Pro	Pro	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro
			260					265					270		
Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys
		275					280					285			
Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Asp	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Thr	Trp
	290					295					300				
Tyr	Ile	Asn	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val	Arg	Thr	Ala	Arg	Pro	Pro	Leu	Arg	Glu
	305				310					315					320
Gln	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Ile	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ile	Ala
				325					330					335	
His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Arg	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	His	Asn
			340					345					350		
Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Arg	Gly
		355					360					365			
Gln	Pro	Leu	Glu	Pro	Lys	Val	Tyr	Thr	Met	Gly	Pro	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu
	370					375					380				
Leu	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Met	Ile	Asn	Gly	Phe	Tyr
	385				390					395					400
Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ser	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Lys	Ala	Glu	Asp
				405					410					415	
Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Phe
			420					425					430		
Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ser	Val	Pro	Thr	Ser	Glu	Trp	Gln	Arg	Gly	Asp

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435	440	445
Val Phe Thr Cys Ser	Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr	
450	455	460
Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys		
465	470	
<210> SEQ ID NO 29		
<211> LENGTH: 407		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA-RBD-Fd-rFc fusion protein		
<400> SEQUENCE: 29		
Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser		
1	5	10
Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro		
	20	25
Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys		
	35	40
Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn		
	50	55
Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile His His Ser Asn Asp Ala		
65	70	75
Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val		
	85	90
Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg		
	100	105
Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile		
	115	120
Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile		
	130	135
Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu		
145	150	155
Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val		
	165	170
Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Ser Lys Pro Thr Cys Pro Pro Pro		
	180	185
Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys		
	195	200
Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val		
	210	215
Asp Val Ser Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asn		
225	230	235
Asn Glu Gln Val Arg Thr Ala Arg Pro Pro Leu Arg Glu Gln Gln Phe		
	245	250
Asn Ser Thr Ile Arg Val Val Ser Thr Leu Pro Ile Ala His Gln Asp		
	260	265
Trp Leu Arg Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Lys Ala Leu		
	275	280
Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Arg Gly Gln Pro Leu		
	290	295
Glu Pro Lys Val Tyr Thr Met Gly Pro Pro Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Ser		
305	310	315
Arg Ser Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Asn Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp		

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	325		330		335
Ile Ser Val Glu Trp Glu Lys Asn Gly Lys Ala Glu Asp Asn Tyr Lys					
	340		345		350
Thr Thr Pro Ala Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser					
	355		360		365
Lys Leu Ser Val Pro Thr Ser Glu Trp Gln Arg Gly Asp Val Phe Thr					
	370		375		380
Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser					
	385		390		395
Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys					
	405				

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
 <211> LENGTH: 257
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Influenza virus

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr															
1		5					10						15		
Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu															
		20					25						30		
Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu															
		35					40					45			
Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met															
		50					55					60			
Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys															
		65					70					75			80
Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr															
							85					90			95
Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile															
		100													110
Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly															
		115													125
Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn															
		130													140
Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg															
		145													155
Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile															
															175
His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro															
		180													185
Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val															
		195													205
Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met															
		210													220
Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu															
		225													235
Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys															
															245
															250
															255

Lys

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 284
 <212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1(+3-259)-Fd fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
 1 5 10 15

Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
 20 25 30

Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
 35 40 45

Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
 50 55 60

Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
 85 90 95

Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile
 100 105 110

Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly
 115 120 125

Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn
 130 135 140

Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg
 145 150 155 160

Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile
 165 170 175

His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro
 180 185 190

Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
 195 200 205

Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
 210 215 220

Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
 225 230 235 240

Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255

Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg
 260 265 270

Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu
 275 280

<210> SEQ ID NO 32
 <211> LENGTH: 486
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1(+3-259)-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
 1 5 10 15

Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
 20 25 30

Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
 35 40 45

-continued

Ile	Leu	Arg	Asp	Cys	Ser	Val	Ala	Gly	Trp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Pro	Met
	50					55					60				
Cys	Asp	Glu	Phe	Ile	Asn	Val	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Val	Glu	Lys
65					70					75					80
Ala	Asn	Pro	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Asn	Phe	Asn	Asp	Tyr
				85					90					95	
Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ile	Asn	His	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ile
			100					105					110		
Gln	Ile	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly
		115					120					125			
Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Cys	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Phe	Phe	Arg	Asn
	130					135					140				
Val	Val	Trp	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Ile	Lys	Arg
145					150					155					160
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Asn	Gln	Glu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Trp	Gly	Ile
				165					170					175	
His	His	Ser	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gln	Thr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Pro
			180					185					190		
Thr	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Arg	Leu	Val
		195					200					205			
Pro	Lys	Ile	Ala	Thr	Arg	Ser	Lys	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Asn	Gly	Arg	Met
	210					215					220				
Asp	Phe	Phe	Trp	Thr	Ile	Leu	Lys	Pro	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ile	Asn	Phe	Glu
225					230					235					240
Ser	Asn	Gly	Asn	Phe	Ile	Ala	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Val	Lys
				245					250					255	
Lys	Arg	Ser	Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu
			260					265					270		
Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp
		275					280					285			
Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp
	290					295					300				
Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly
305					310					315					320
Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn
				325					330					335	
Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp
			340					345					350		
Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro
		355					360					365			
Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu
	370					375					380				
Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn
385					390					395					400
Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile
				405					410					415	
Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr
			420					425					430		
Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys
		435					440					445			
Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys
	450					455					460				
Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu

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465 Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
 470
 475
 480
 485

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
 <211> LENGTH: 513
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1(+3-259)-Fd-hFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
 20 25 30
 Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
 35 40 45
 Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
 50 55 60
 Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
 85 90 95
 Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile
 100 105 110
 Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly
 115 120 125
 Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn
 130 135 140
 Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile
 165 170 175
 His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro
 180 185 190
 Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
 195 200 205
 Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
 210 215 220
 Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255
 Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg
 260 265 270
 Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Asp Lys
 275 280 285
 Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro
 290 295 300
 Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser
 305 310 315 320
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp
 325 330 335
 Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn

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340					345					350					
Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val
	355						360					365			
Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu
	370					375					380				
Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys
385					390					395					400
Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr
				405					410					415	
Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr
			420					425					430		
Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu
	435						440					445			
Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu
	450					455					460				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys
465					470					475					480
Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu
				485					490					495	
Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly
			500					505					510		

Lys

<210> SEQ ID NO 34

<211> LENGTH: 518

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1(+3-259)-Fd-mFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

Ile	Cys	Ile	Gly	Tyr	His	Ala	Asn	Asn	Ser	Thr	Glu	Gln	Val	Asp	Thr
1				5					10					15	
Ile	Met	Glu	Lys	Asn	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	His	Ala	Gln	Asp	Ile	Leu	Glu
			20					25					30		
Lys	Thr	His	Asn	Gly	Lys	Leu	Cys	Asp	Leu	Asp	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu
		35					40					45			
Ile	Leu	Arg	Asp	Cys	Ser	Val	Ala	Gly	Trp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Pro	Met
	50					55						60			
Cys	Asp	Glu	Phe	Ile	Asn	Val	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Val	Glu	Lys
65					70					75					80
Ala	Asn	Pro	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Asn	Phe	Asn	Asp	Tyr
				85					90					95	
Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ile	Asn	His	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ile
			100					105					110		
Gln	Ile	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly
		115					120					125			
Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Cys	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Phe	Phe	Arg	Asn
	130					135					140				
Val	Val	Trp	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Ile	Lys	Arg
145					150					155					160
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Asn	Gln	Glu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Trp	Gly	Ile
				165					170					175	
His	His	Ser	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gln	Thr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Pro
			180					185					190		

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Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
 195 200 205

Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
 210 215 220

Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
 225 230 235 240

Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255

Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg
 260 265 270

Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Pro Arg
 275 280 285

Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn
 290 295 300

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp
 305 310 315 320

Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp
 325 330 335

Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn
 340 345 350

Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn
 355 360 365

Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp
 370 375 380

Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro
 385 390 395 400

Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala
 405 410 415

Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys
 420 425 430

Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile
 435 440 445

Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn
 450 455 460

Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys
 465 470 475 480

Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys
 485 490 495

Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe
 500 505 510

Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys
 515

<210> SEQ ID NO 35
 <211> LENGTH: 509
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: HA1(+3-259)-Fd-rFc fusion protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Gln Val Asp Thr
 1 5 10 15

Ile Met Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
 20 25 30

-continued

Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Lys Pro Leu
 35 40 45
 Ile Leu Arg Asp Cys Ser Val Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro Met
 50 55 60
 Cys Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Val Glu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asn Pro Ala Asn Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Asn Asp Tyr
 85 90 95
 Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Arg Ile Asn His Phe Glu Lys Ile
 100 105 110
 Gln Ile Ile Pro Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asp His Glu Ala Ser Ser Gly
 115 120 125
 Val Ser Ser Ala Cys Pro Tyr Gln Gly Thr Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn
 130 135 140
 Val Val Trp Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Thr Ile Lys Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Gly Ile
 165 170 175
 His His Ser Asn Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asn Pro
 180 185 190
 Thr Thr Tyr Ile Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Val
 195 200 205
 Pro Lys Ile Ala Thr Arg Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Gln Asn Gly Arg Met
 210 215 220
 Asp Phe Phe Trp Thr Ile Leu Lys Pro Asn Asp Ala Ile Asn Phe Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Asn Gly Asn Phe Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Lys Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255
 Lys Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val Arg
 260 265 270
 Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Ser Ser Lys
 275 280 285
 Pro Thr Cys Pro Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile
 290 295 300
 Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Gln
 325 330 335
 Phe Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asn Asn Glu Gln Val Arg Thr Ala Arg Pro Pro
 340 345 350
 Leu Arg Glu Gln Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Ile Arg Val Val Ser Thr Leu
 355 360 365
 Pro Ile Ala His Gln Asp Trp Leu Arg Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys
 370 375 380
 Val His Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Arg Gly Gln Pro Leu Glu Pro Lys Val Tyr Thr Met Gly Pro Pro
 405 410 415
 Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ser Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Asn
 420 425 430
 Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ser Val Glu Trp Glu Lys Asn Gly Lys
 435 440 445

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Ala Glu Asp Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Ala Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly
 450 455 460

Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Ser Val Pro Thr Ser Glu Trp Gln
 465 470 475 480

Arg Gly Asp Val Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn
 485 490 495

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys
 500 505

<210> SEQ ID NO 36
 <211> LENGTH: 29
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Bacteriophage T4

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ile Pro Glu Ala Pro Arg Asp Gly Gln Ala Tyr Val
 1 5 10 15

Arg Lys Asp Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu
 20 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 37
 <211> LENGTH: 32
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: GCN4 stabilization sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

Met Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr
 1 5 10 15

His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Val
 20 25 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: IQ stabilization sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

Arg Met Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Glu Ser Lys Gln
 1 5 10 15

Lys Lys Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys
 20 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
 <211> LENGTH: 24
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: IZ stabilization sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

Ile Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Ala Ile Lys Lys Glu Gln Glu Ala Ile Lys
 1 5 10 15

Lys Lys Ile Glu Ala Ile Glu Lys
 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 40
 <211> LENGTH: 81
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Bacteriophage T4

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

ggctatattc cggagcgcc gcgtgatggc caggcgtatg tgcgtaaaga tggcgaatgg 60

gtgctgctgt ctacctttct g 81

<210> SEQ ID NO 41
 <211> LENGTH: 7
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: protease cleavage site

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Lys Arg
 1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 42
 <211> LENGTH: 9
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

agcaaaagc 9

<210> SEQ ID NO 43
 <211> LENGTH: 21
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

tgtcaagaaa ggagactcag c 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 44
 <211> LENGTH: 19
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

accatctacc attccctgc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 45
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

atacaccctc tcaccatcgg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 46
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

accatctacc attccctgcc 20

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<210> SEQ ID NO 47
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

atacaccctc tcaccatcgg

20

<210> SEQ ID NO 48
 <211> LENGTH: 19
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

accatctacc attcctgc

19

What is claimed is:

1. An immunogenic composition for induction of an immune response against influenza virus comprising a fusion polypeptide comprising:

- an immunogen sequence from an influenza virus;
- an immunopotentiator sequence comprising the Fc fragment of human IgG, or a muramyl peptide;
- and a stabilization sequence, wherein said stabilization sequence is foldon.

2. The immunogenic composition of claim 1, wherein said immunogen sequence is a hemagglutinin sequence of said influenza virus.

3. The immunogenic composition of claim 1, wherein said immunogen sequence is a neuraminidase sequence of an influenza virus.

4. The immunogenic composition of claim 1, wherein said immunogen sequence is a membrane protein sequence of an influenza virus.

5. The immunogenic composition of claim 1, wherein said fusion polypeptide is produced in a mammalian expression system.

6. The immunogenic composition of claim 2, wherein said hemagglutinin sequence is a fragment of a hemagglutinin sequence selected from the group consisting of HA1 HA2 and RBD.

7. The immunogenic composition of claim 1, wherein said fusion polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of HA1-Fd-hFc, HA-Fd-hFc, HA2-Fd-hFc, HA-RBD-Fd-hFc, and HA1+3-259-Fd-hFc.

8. The immunogenic composition of claim 1, wherein said immunogenic composition further comprises an adjuvant.

* * * * *